Information Sheet on Ramsar Wetlands (RIS)

Categories approved by Recommendation 4.7 (1990), as amended by Resolution VIII.13 of the 8th Conference of the Contracting Parties (2002) and Resolutions IX.1 Annex B, IX.6, IX.21 and IX. 22 of the 9th Conference of the Contracting Parties (2005).

Notes for compilers:

- 1. The RIS should be completed in accordance with the attached *Explanatory Notes and Guidelines for completing the Information Sheet on Ramsar Wetlands*. Compilers are strongly advised to read this guidance before filling in the RIS.
- 2. Further information and guidance in support of Ramsar site designations are provided in the *Strategic Framework for the future development of the List of Wetlands of International Importance* (Ramsar Wise Use Handbook 7, 2nd edition, as amended by COP9 Resolution IX.1 Annex B). A 3rd edition of the Handbook, incorporating these amendments, is in preparation and will be available in 2006.
- 3. Once completed, the RIS (and accompanying map(s)) should be submitted to the Ramsar Secretariat. Compilers should provide an electronic (MS Word) copy of the RIS and, where possible, digital copies of all maps.

1	l .	Name and address of the Official Respo	ondent: For office use only.
		Joint Nature Conservation Committee	DD MM YY
		Monkstone House	
		City Road	
		Peterborough	Designation date Site Reference Number
		Cambridgeshire PE1 1JY UK	Designation date Site Reference Number
			26 / +44 (0)1733 - 555 948
		Email: RIS@JNCC.gov.uk	(0)1766 666 916
	2.	Updated by UK Overseas Territories PE1 4DG, UK (with assistance from Bermuda Dept. Date this sheet was completed/updated: Designated: 10 May 1999	
-	3.	Country:	-
•	•	UK (Bermuda)	
	1.	Name of the Ramsar site:	-
		Lover's Lake Nature Reserve	
	5.	Designation of new Ramsar site or upda	ate of existing site:
r ·	Γhis	RIS is for: Updated information on an ex	xisting Ramsar site
	5.	For RIS updates only, changes to the site boundary and area:	te since its designation or earlier update:

** Important note: If the boundary and/or area of the designated site is being restricted/reduced, the Contracting Party should have followed the procedures established by the Conference of the Parties in the Annex to COP9 Resolution IX.6 and provided a report in line with paragraph 28 of that Annex, prior to the submission of an updated RIS.

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b) Describe briefly any major changes to the ecological character of the Ramsar site, including in the application of the Criteria, since the previous RIS for the site:

7. Map of site included:

Refer to Annex III of the *Explanatory Notes and Guidelines*, for detailed guidance on provision of suitable maps, including digital maps.

- a) A map of the site, with clearly delineated boundaries, is included as:
 - i) hard copy (required for inclusion of site in the Ramsar List): yes \checkmark -or- no \square ;
 - ii) an electronic format (e.g. a JPEG or ArcView image)
 - iii) a GIS file providing geo-referenced site boundary vectors and attribute tables $yes \checkmark$ -orno \Box ;

b) Describe briefly the type of boundary delineation applied:

e.g. the boundary is the same as an existing protected area (nature reserve, national park etc.), or follows a catchment boundary, or follows a geopolitical boundary such as a local government jurisdiction, follows physical boundaries such as roads, follows the shoreline of a waterbody, etc.

The site boundary is the same as, or falls within, an existing protected area.

For precise boundary details, please refer to paper map provided at designation

8. Geographical coordinates (latitude/longitude):

32 21 00 N

64 42 00 W

9. General location:

Include in which part of the country and which large administrative region(s), and the location of the nearest large town.

Nearest town/city: St. George`s town

Located at Ferry Point, St. George's Island, 3.5 km WSW of St. George's town.

Administrative region: Bermuda

10. Elevation (average and/or max. & min.) (metres): 11. Area (hectares): 2.1

Min. 0.1 Max. 2

Mean No information available

12. General overview of the site:

Provide a short paragraph giving a summary description of the principal ecological characteristics and importance of the wetland.

A 2 m-deep lake, fringed with predominantly black mangrove. The water level is tidal and falls via subterranean channels. Important for an endemic fish and both wintering and passage waterfowl.

13. Ramsar Criteria:

Circle or underline each Criterion applied to the designation of the Ramsar site. See Annex II of the *Explanatory Notes and Guidelines* for the Criteria and guidelines for their application (adopted by Resolution VII.11).

1, 2, 3, 7

14. Justification for the application of each Criterion listed in 13 above:

Provide justification for each Criterion in turn, clearly identifying to which Criterion the justification applies (see Annex II for guidance on acceptable forms of justification).

Criterion 1

The site's saline nature and tidal flows permit the coexistence of marine and brackish species. One species of mangrove, *Avicemica germinans*, is represented.

Criterion 2

The site supports a population of an endemic killifish Fundulus

Criterion 7

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The site supports a population of an endemic killifish Fundulus

See Sections 21/22 for details of noteworthy species

15. Biogeography (required when Criteria 1 and/or 3 and /or certain applications of Criterion 2 are applied to the designation):

Name the relevant biogeographic region that includes the Ramsar site, and identify the biogeographic regionalisation system that has been applied.

a) biogeographic region:

Bermuda / mid-North Atlantic Islands

b) biogeographic regionalisation scheme (include reference citation):

16. Physical features of the site:

Describe, as appropriate, the geology, geomorphology; origins - natural or artificial; hydrology; soil type; water quality; water depth, water permanence; fluctuations in water level; tidal variations; downstream area; general climate, etc.

Soil & geology	clay, limestone			
Geomorphology and landscape	lowland, coastal, lagoon			
Nutrient status				
pH				
Salinity	hypersaline / hyperhaline			
Soil	mainly organic, mainly organic			
Water permanence	usually permanent			
Summary of main climatic features	Subtropical; mild, humid; gales, strong winds common in			
	winter.			

General description of the Physical Features:

No information available

17. Physical features of the catchment area:

Describe the surface area, general geology and geomorphological features, general soil types, general land use, and climate (including climate type).

A saline lake in an enclosed valley on the coast, up to 2 m deep lake, with fringing black mangrove swamp. The water level rises and falls with the tides via subterranean channels.

18. Hydrological values:

Describe the functions and values of the wetland in groundwater recharge, flood control, sediment trapping, shoreline stabilization, etc.

No special values known

19. Wetland types:

Marine/coastal wetland

Code	Name	% Area
J	Coastal brackish / saline lagoons	100

20. General ecological features:

Provide further description, as appropriate, of the main habitats, vegetation types, plant and animal communities present in the Ramsar site, and the ecosystem services of the site and the benefits derived from them.

The only saline pond bordered by a pure stand of black mangrove *Avicemica germinans*. The openwater pond supports a mixed brackish and marine community.

Ecosystem services

21. Noteworthy flora:

Provide additional information on particular species and why they are noteworthy (expanding as necessary on information provided in **12**. Justification for the application of the Criteria) indicating, e.g. which species/communities are unique, rare, endangered or biogeographically important, etc. *Do not include here taxonomic lists of species present – these may be supplied as supplementary information to the RIS.*

Higher Plants.

Pure stands of fringing black mangrove *Avicennia germinans*; submerged beds of *Ruppia maritima* and *Thalassia testudinum*; the most extensive stands of *Salicornia* spp. and *Sesuvium* portulacastrum. Bermuda is the most northerly location of mangrove growth in the Atlantic.

22. Noteworthy fauna:

Provide additional information on particular species and why they are noteworthy (expanding as necessary on information provided in **12**. Justification for the application of the Criteria) indicating, e.g. which species/communities are unique, rare, endangered or biogeographically important, etc., including count data. *Do not include here taxonomic lists of species present* – these may be supplied as supplementary information to the RIS.

Birds

Species Information

Assemblage.

The site is an important wintering area for pied-billed grebe *Podilymbus podiceps* and northern waterthrush, and for the reintroduced yellow-crowned night heron *Nyctanassa violacea*. It also provides seasonal habitat for passage waterfowl, and, in winter, for the belted kingfisher *Ceryle alcyon*.

It supports the only known population of the endemic killifish *Fundulus relictus*. There is also an interesting invertebrate fauna.

The site is the only Bermudan pond/lake where non-native *Gambusia* spp. has not yet been introduced.

23. Social and cultural values:

Describe if the site has any general social and/or cultural values e.g. fisheries production, forestry, religious importance, archaeological sites, social relations with the wetland, etc. Distinguish between historical/archaeological/religious significance and current socio-economic values.

Aesthetic

Non-consumptive recreation

b) Is the site considered of international importance for holding, in addition to relevant ecological values, examples of significant cultural values, whether material or non-material, linked to its origin, conservation and/or ecological functioning? No

If Yes, describe this importance under one or more of the following categories:

i) sites which provide a model of wetland wise use, demonstrating the application of traditional knowledge and methods of management and use that maintain the ecological character of the wetland:

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- ii) sites which have exceptional cultural traditions or records of former civilizations that have influenced the ecological character of the wetland:
- sites where the ecological character of the wetland depends on the interaction with local communities or indigenous peoples:
- iv) sites where relevant non-material values such as sacred sites are present and their existence is strongly linked with the maintenance of the ecological character of the wetland:

24. Land tenure/ownership:

Ownership category	On-site	Off-site
National/Crown Estate	+	

25. Current land (including water) use:

Activity	On-site	Off-site
Nature conservation	+	
Recreation	+	

26. Factors (past, present or potential) adversely affecting the site's ecological character, including changes in land (including water) use and development projects:

Explanation of reporting category:

- 1. Those factors that are still operating, but it is unclear if they are under control, as there is a lag in showing the management or regulatory regime to be successful.
- 2. Those factors that are not currently being managed, or where the regulatory regime appears to have been ineffective so far.

NA = Not Applicable because no factors have been reported.

Adverse Factor Category	Reporting Category	Description of the problem (Newly reported Factors only)	On-Site	Off-Site	Major Impact?
No factors reported	NA				
			·		

What measures have been taken	are planned / re	gulatory processes	invoked, to mitigate	the effect of these factors?

S	the	site	sub	iect 1	to :	adverse	ecol	logical	change?	NC

27. Conservation measures taken:

List national category and legal status of protected areas, including boundary relationships with the Ramsar site; management practices; whether an officially approved management plan exists and whether it is being implemented.

Conservation measure	On-site	Off-site
National Nature Reserve (NNR)	+	

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Management plan in preparation	+	
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b) Describe any other current management practices:

28. Conservation measures proposed but not yet implemented:

e.g. management plan in preparation; official proposal as a legally protected area, etc.

29. Current scientific research and facilities:

e.g. details of current research projects, including biodiversity monitoring; existence of a field research station, etc.

A detailed study of the lake was conducted by Thomas et al. (1991).

The killifish *Fundulus* population has been sampled for taxonomic studies (Grady *et al.* 2001).

30. Current communications, education and public awareness (CEPA) activities related to or benefiting the site:

e.g. visitor centre, observation hides and nature trails, information booklets, facilities for school visits, etc.

The site is visited by tours from the nearby Bermuda Biological Station.

31. Current recreation and tourism:

State if the wetland is used for recreation/tourism; indicate type(s) and their frequency/intensity.

Access is via a walking trail through Ferry Reach park and is used by locals and tourists, including birdwatching groups.

32. Jurisdiction:

Include territorial, e.g. state/region, and functional/sectoral, e.g. Dept. of Agriculture/Dept. of Environment, etc.

Ministry of the Environment

Government of Bermuda, Government House,

Hamilton, Bermuda

33. Management authority:

Provide the name and address of the local office(s) of the agency(ies) or organisation(s) directly responsible for managing the wetland. Wherever possible provide also the title and/or name of the person or persons in this office with responsibility for the wetland.

Dept. of Conservation Services, P.O. Box FL588, Flatts FLBX, Bermuda

Dept. of Parks, Botanical Gardens, 169 South Shore Rd, Paget DV04, Bermuda

34. Bibliographical references:

Scientific/technical references only. If biogeographic regionalisation scheme applied (see 15 above), list full reference citation for the scheme.

Site-relevant references

Grady, JM, Coykendall, DK, Collette, BB & Quattro, JM (2001) Taxonomic diversity, origin, and conservation status of Bermuda killifishes (*Fundulus*) based on mitochondrial cytochrome b phylogenies. *Conservation Genetics*, **2**(1), 41-52

Hepburn, I, Oldfield, S & Thompson, K (1992) *UK Dependent Territories Ramsar study: Stage 1*. Unpublished report to Department of the Environment, European and International Habitat Protection Branch, Bristol, from International Waterfowl and Wetlands Research Bureau/ NGO Forum for Nature Conservation in UK Dependent Territories, Slimbridge/ Sandy (Research contract, No. 7/2/126)

Pienkowski, M (ed.) (2003) A sense of direction: a conference on conservation in UK Overseas Territories and other small island communities, Bermuda 22nd–27th March 2003. UK Overseas Territories Conservation Forum, Peterborough. www.ukotcf.org

Pienkowski, MW (ed.) (2005) Review of existing and potential Ramsar sites in UK Overseas Territories and Crown Dependencies. (Contractor: UK Overseas Territories Conservation Forum, Peterborough.) Final report on Contract CR0294 to the UK Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs, Bristol. www.ukotcf.org

Proctor, D & Fleming, LV (eds.) (1999) *Biodiversity: the UK Overseas Territories*. Joint Nature Conservation Committee, Peterborough

Scott, DA & Carbonell, M (eds.) (1986) A directory of neotropical wetlands. IUCN/IWRB, Cambridge/Slimbridge

Thomas, MLH (1993) Mangrove swamps in Bermuda. Atoll Research Bulletin, 386, 1-17

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Thomas, MLH, Eakins, KE & Logan, A (1991) Physical characteristics of the Anchialine Ponds of Bermuda. *Bulletin of Marine Science*, **48**(1), 125-136

Wingate, DB (1984) Taking stock of Bermuda's wetland heritage. Department of Agriculture and Fisheries, Hamilton

Please return to: Ramsar Secretariat, Rue Mauverney 28, CH-1196 Gland, Switzerland Telephone: +41 22 999 0170 • Fax: +41 22 999 0169 • email: ramsar@ramsar.org

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