# **Information Sheet on Ramsar Wetlands** (RIS)

| 1                               | . Name and address of the compiler of this form: FOR OFFICE USE ONLY.   |
|---------------------------------|---|
|                                 | Joint Nature Conservation Committee  Monkstone House City Road Peterborough Cambridgeshire PE1 1JY UK   |
|                                 | Telephone/Fax: +44 (0)1733 - 562 626 / +44 (0)1733 - 555 948<br>Email: <u>RIS@JNCC.gov.uk</u>   |
| 2                               | Designated: 05 March 1993 / Updated: May 2005   |
| 3                               | 3. Country: UK (England)  |
| 4                               | Name of the Ramsar site:  |
|                                 | Roydon Common   |
| 5                               | 5. Map of site included:  |
| 8                               | a) hard copy (required for inclusion of site in the Ramsar List): yes -or- no   |
| ŀ                               | o) digital (electronic) format (optional): Yes  |
| (                               | 6. Geographical coordinates (latitude/longitude): 52° 46′ 24′′ N 00° 30′ 02′′ E   |
|                                 | V. General location:<br>Nearest town/city: King's Lynn  |
|                                 | n west Norfolk, 4 km north-east of Kings Lynn and 9 km south-east of the eastern shore of the Wash.   |
| A                               | Administrative region: Norfolk  |
| 8                               | <ul> <li>B. Elevation (average and/or max. &amp; min.) (metres): 9. Area (hectares): 194</li> <li>Min. No information available</li> <li>Max. No information available</li> <li>Mean No information available</li> </ul>  |
| I<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>(<br>) | Roydon Common is an area of lowland mixed valley mire surrounded by heathland. It sits on the Cretaceous greensand of west Norfolk, within a broad south-west-facing valley basin. It has a classic requence of vegetation types associated with valley mires of this type. The dry heath of the upper clopes is hydrologically linked with wetter lower slopes, which experience seasonal waterlogging and are colonised by wet heath. This grades into the valley bottom, which is permanently waterlogged, and comprises acid bog and nutrient-poor fen communities, blending into more base-rich fen and carry woodland in the valley bottom. |
| 1                               | 1. Ramsar Criteria:<br>1, 3   |

**Ramsar Information Sheet:** 

# 12. Justification for the application of each Criterion listed in 11. above:

Ramsar criterion 1

The site is the most extensive and representative example of valley mire-heathland biotope within East Anglia.—It is a mixed valley mire holding vegetation communities which reflect the influence of both base-poor and base-rich water.

#### Ramsar criterion 3

The vegetation communities have a restricted distribution within Britain. – It also supports a number of acidophilic invertebrates outside their normal geographic range and six British Red Data Book invertebrates.

Secretariat Comment: Species names have to be mentioned and included in the next update.

#### 13. Biogeography:

## a) biogeographic region:

Atlantic

# b) biogeographic regionalisation scheme (include reference citation):

Council Directive 92/43/EEC

#### 14. Physical features of the site:

| Soil & geology                    | acidic, basic, sand, peat, nutrient-poor, sedimentary, |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
|                                   | sandstone  |  |  |
| Geomorphology and landscape       | lowland, valley  |  |  |
| Nutrient status                   | mesotrophic, oligotrophic                              |  |  |
| pH                                | acidic, circumneutral                                  |  |  |
| Salinity                          | fresh  |  |  |
| Soil                              | mainly mineral, mainly organic                         |  |  |
| Water permanence                  | usually permanent                                      |  |  |
| Summary of main climatic features | Annual averages (Marham, 1971–2000)                    |  |  |
|                                   | (www.metoffice.com/climate/uk/averages/19712000/sites/ |  |  |
|                                   | marham.html)   |  |  |
|                                   | Max. daily temperature: 13.8° C                        |  |  |
|                                   | Min. daily temperature: 5.7° C                         |  |  |
|                                   | Days of air frost: 51.9                                |  |  |
|                                   | Rainfall: 621.3 mm                                     |  |  |
|                                   | Hrs. of sunshine: 1536.6                               |  |  |

#### General description of the Physical Features:

No information available

#### 15. Physical features of the catchment area:

No information available

# 16. Hydrological values:

Recharge and discharge of groundwater, Maintenance of water quality (removal of nutrients)

# 17. Wetland types

Inland wetland

| Code  | Name   | % Area |
|-------|--|--------|
| U     | Peatlands (including peat bogs swamps, fens) | 61.8   |
| Other | Other  | 38.2   |

#### 18. General ecological features:

The main habitats and vegetation communities of this site are base-rich fen, nutrient-poor fen, acid mire, wet humid heath, wet carr woodland and acid dry heath. The mire communities are present in a distinct zonation grading from the acid dry heath, through wet heath to nutrient poor mire and fen in the valley bottom. The main NVC mire and wet heath communities are M14, M25a, M21b, M16a and M16e. Within the mire there are other smaller areas of swamp, tall herb fen, rush pasture and bog pool communities present.

#### 19. Noteworthy flora:

#### Nationally important species occurring on the site.

Nationally scarce: Hammarbya paludosa, Crassula tillaea, Dactylorhiza traunsteineri

Lower Plants.

Thelypteris palustris (nationally scarce), Lophozia capitata (nationally rare), Kurzia sylvatica (nationally scarce).

#### 20. Noteworthy fauna:

# **Species Information**

Nationally important species occurring on the site.

#### Invertebrates.

Nationally rare (RDB).

Buckleria paludum, Macrocera fascipennis, Allodia embla, Eutolmus rufibarbis, Podalonia affinis, Lasioglossum brevicorne

#### Nationally scarce.

Idaea muricata, Harpalus punctatulus, Marpissa radiate, Aphrophora alpine, Megamelodes lequesnei, Delphacodes capnodes, Exechia exigua, Exechiopsis ligulata, Epicypta limnophila, Tetanocera phyllophora, Crambus hamella, Sympetrum sanguineum, Adscita statices, Earias clorana, Hypnodes humidialis, Macrochilo cribumalis, Orthonevra geniculata, Pterostichus angustatus, Hydroporus neglectus, Ilybius guttiger, Helochares punctatus, Paradelphomyia nielseni, Limnophila puchella, Hyperaspis pseudopustulata, Crustulina sticta, Megachile leachella.

## 21. Social and cultural values:

Aesthetic

Conservation education

Current scientific research

Livestock grazing

**Tourism** 

#### 22. Land tenure/ownership:

| Ownership category            | On-site | Off-site |
|-------------------------------|---------|----------|
| Non-governmental organisation | +       |          |
| Private                       | +       | +        |
| Public/communal               | +       |          |

# 23. Current land (including water) use:

| Activity            | On-site | Off-site |
|---------------------|---------|----------|
| Nature conservation | +       |          |
| Tourism             | +       | +        |
| Recreation          | +       | +        |
| Research            | +       |          |
| Commercial forestry |         | +        |

**Ramsar Information Sheet: UK11061** Page 3 of 5 **Roydon Common** 

Produced by JNCC: Version 3.0, 13/09/2007

| Arable agriculture (unspecified)   |   | + |
|------------------------------------|---|---|
| Permanent arable agriculture       |   | + |
| Livestock watering hole/pond       | + |   |
| Grazing (unspecified)              | + |   |
| Rough or shifting grazing          | + |   |
| Industry                           |   | + |
| Sewage treatment/disposal          |   | + |
| Irrigation (inc agricultural water |   | + |
| supply)                            |   |   |
| Mineral exploration                |   | + |
| Transport route                    | + | + |
| Urban development                  |   | + |

# 24. Factors adversely affecting the site's ecological character, including changes in land (including water) use and development projects:

Explanation of reporting category:

- 1. Those factors that are still operating, but it is unclear if they are under control, as there is a lag in showing the management or regulatory regime to be successful.
- 2. Those factors that are not currently being managed, or where the regulatory regime appears to have been ineffective so far.

NA = Not Applicable because no factors have been reported.

| Adverse Factor Category | Reporting Category | Description of the problem (Newly reported Factors only) | On-Site | Off-Site | Major Impact? |
|-------------------------|--------------------|--|---------|----------|---------------|
| No factors reported     | NA                 |  |         |          |               |

| For | category | 2 | factors | only     |
|-----|----------|---|---------|----------|
| 101 | category | _ | ractors | OIII y . |

What measures have been taken / are planned / regulatory processes invoked, to mitigate the effect of these factors?

Is the site subject to adverse ecological change? NO

#### 25. Conservation measures taken:

| Conservation measure           | On-site | Off-site |
|--------------------------------|---------|----------|
| SSSI / ASSI                    | +       |          |
| NNR                            | +       |          |
| Land owned by a NGO for nature | +       |          |
| conservation                   |         |          |
| Management agreement           | +       |          |
| Site management statement/plan | +       |          |
| implemented                    |         |          |
| Other                          |         | +        |
| SAC                            | +       |          |

**Ramsar Information Sheet: UK11061** Page 4 of 5 **Roydon Common** 

Produced by JNCC: Version 3.0, 13/09/2007

## 26. Conservation measures proposed but not yet implemented:

No information available

#### 27. Current scientific research and facilities:

#### Habitat.

English Nature/Norfolk Wildlife Trust site unit monitoring - condition assessments of individual compartments based mainly on vegetation.

Detailed NVC survey of mire communities carried out 1992-93.

#### **Environment.**

Hydrological monitoring of groundwater levels and abstraction licence impacts by the Environment Agency.

#### 28. Current conservation education:

None reported

#### 29. Current recreation and tourism:

#### Activities, Facilities provided and Seasonality.

Quiet recreation - birdwatching, botanising and walking on nature trails mainly.

#### 30. Jurisdiction:

Head, Natura 2000 and Ramsar Team, Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs, European Wildlife Division, Zone 1/07, Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol, BS1 6EB

#### 31. Management authority:

Site Designations Manager, English Nature, Sites and Surveillance Team, Northminster House, Northminster Road, Peterborough, PE1 1UA, UK

# 32. Bibliographical references:

#### **Site-relevant references**

English Nature (199\*) Roydon Common SSSI site management statement. English Nature, Norfolk Team

McLeod, CR, Yeo, M, Brown, AE, Burn, AJ, Hopkins, JJ & Way, SF (eds.) (2004) *The Habitats Directive:* selection of Special Areas of Conservation in the UK. 2nd edn. Joint Nature Conservation Committee, Peterborough. www.jncc.gov.uk/SACselection

Norfolk Wildlife Trust (2003) *Roydon Common National Nature Reserve management plan 2003–2008*. Norfolk Wildlife Trust

Shirt, DB (ed.) (1987) British Red Data Books: 2. Insects. Nature Conservancy Council, Peterborough

Please return to: Ramsar Secretariat, Rue Mauverney 28, CH-1196 Gland, Switzerland Telephone: +41 22 999 0170 • Fax: +41 22 999 0169 • email: europe@ramsar.org

**Ramsar Information Sheet: UK11061** Page 5 of 5 **Roydon Common** 

Produced by JNCC: Version 3.0, 13/09/2007