

## Ramsar Information Sheet

Published on 27 March 2017 Update version, previously published on : 1 January 2002

## **Sweden**Nordre älvs estuarium



Designation date
Site number
1125
Coordinates
57°47'08"N 11°44'19"E
Area
7 226,00 ha

## Color codes

Fields back-shaded in light blue relate to data and information required only for RIS updates.

Note that some fields concerning aspects of Part 3, the Ecological Character Description of the RIS (tinted in purple), are not expected to be completed as part of a standard RIS, but are included for completeness so as to provide the requested consistency between the RIS and the format of a 'full' Ecological Character Description, as adopted in Resolution X.15 (2008). If a Contracting Party does have information available that is relevant to these fields (for example from a national format Ecological Character Description) it may, if it wishes to, include information in these additional fields.

## 1 - Summary

## Summary

The estuary of the river Nordre älv constitutes an important area for commercial fishing and offers suitable conditions for breeding and resting waterfowl. The western part of the site contains a lot of small islands and islets. The beautiful landscape and cultural history make the area attractive for tourism and recreation.

## 2 - Data & location

## 2.1 - Formal data

2.1.1 - Name and address of the compiler of this	RIS
--	-----

Compi	

•	
Name	Sofia Åström
Institution/agency	Länsstyrelsen i Västra Götalands län
Postal address	Länsstyrelsen i Västra Götalands län, 403 40 Göteborg, Sweden
E-mail	vastragotaland@lansstyrelsen.se
Phone	+46 10 224 40 00
Fax	+46 10 224 40 22
Compiler 2	
Name	Jenny Lonnstad
Institution/agency	Naturvårdsverket (Swedish EPA)
Postal address	Naturvårdsverket, 106 48 Stockholm, Sweden
E-mail	jenny.lonnstad@naturvardsverket.se
Phone	+46 10 698 15 92
Fax	+46 10 698 16 00
	d information used to compile the RIS

## 2.1.2 -

From year 2002 To year 2015

## 2.1.3 - Name of the Ramsar Site

Official name (in English, French or Spanish) Unofficial name (optional) Nordre älvs estuarium (estuary)

## 2.1.4 - Changes to the boundaries and area of the Site since its designation or earlier update

<sup>(Update)</sup> A Changes to Site boundary Yes <b>◎</b> No <b>○</b>
(Update) The boundary has been delineated more accurately ✓
<sup>(Update)</sup> The boundary has been extended <b>☑</b>
<sup>(Update)</sup> The boundary has been restricted <b>☑</b>
(Update) B. Changes to Site area the area has increased
<sup>(Update)</sup> The Site area has been calculated more accurately □
<sup>(Update)</sup> The Site has been delineated more accurately <b>☑</b>
(Update) The Site area has increased because of a boundary extension ✓
(Update) The Site area has decreased because of a boundary restriction   ✓

## 2.1.5 - Changes to the ecological character of the Site

(Update) 6b i. Has the ecological character of the Ramsar Site (including applicable Criteria) changed since the previous RIS?
(Update) Are the changes Positive   ● Negative   O Positive & Negative   O
(Update) Positive % 10
(Update) No information available
(Update) Changes resulting from causes operating within the existing boundaries?

(Update) Changes resulting from causes operating beyond the site's boundaries?	
(Update) Changes consequent upon site boundary reduction alone (e.g.,	
the exclusion of some wetland types formerly included within the site)?	
() In distance	
(Update) Changes consequent upon site boundary increase alone (e.g.,	
enanges consequent apon one soundary more across (e.g.,	
the inclusion of different wetland types in the site)?	
(Update) Please describe any changes to the ecological character of the Ram	sar Site, including in the application of the Criteria, since the previous RIS for the site.
r read a december any entanges to the decing out an article of the ream	our old, mordang in the approach of the original, or los the provided the for the old.

A nature reserve was established in 2005, overlapping most of the Ramsar site. An OSPAR-MPA (Marine protected area) was accepted in 2005 for the same area as the Natura 2000 sites. During a Life-project 2010-2016 a number of meadows was restored and managed.

The Ramsar border was changed in 2015; both reductions and extensions have taken place, over all resulting in a slight larger site. The border is now more often corresponding to the border of the nature reserves, but not always.

In general the result is that; 1. Areas with deep sea water and built up areas have been excluded, 2. More reeds, small marshes and coastal waters have been included. 3. Some land areas including agricultural land and forests have been excluded and other parts included.

(Update) Is the change in ecological character negative, human-induced Yes O AND a significant change (above the limit of acceptable change)

## 2.2 - Site location

## 2.2.1 - Defining the Site boundaries

## b) Digital map/image

<1 file(s) uploaded>

Former maps 0

## Boundaries description

With a few exemptions the boundary coincides with the outer parts of the boundaries of the nature reserves and the Natura 2000 sites that lies within the Ramsar site.

## 2.2.2 - General location

a) In which large administrative region does the site lie?	Västra Götaland
b) what is the nearest town or population centre?	Göteborg (12 km), Kungälv (5 km), Öckerö (6 km)

## 2.2.3 - For wetlands on national boundaries only

a) Does the wetland extend onto the territory of one or more other countries?

b) Is the site adjacent to another designated Ramsar Site on the territory of another Contracting Party?

## 2.2.4 - Area of the Site

Official area, in hectares (ha): 7226

Area, in hectares (ha) as calculated from 7225.13 GIS boundaries

2.2.5 - Biogeography

Biogeographic regions	
Regionalisation scheme(s)	Biogeographic region
Freshwater Ecoregions of the World (FEOW)	Ecoregion 406 Northern Baltic drainages
WWF Terrestrial Ecoregions	Sarmatic mixed forest PA0436
Marine Ecoregions of the World (MEOW)	North seas
EU biogeographic regionalization	Continental
Udvardy's Biogeographical Provinces	11 Mddle European Forest
Bailey's Ecoregions	240 Marine Division
Other scheme (provide name below)	Nemoral and boreonemoral zone
Other scheme (provide name below)	Sarmatic mixed forest

## Other biogeographic regionalisation scheme

Nordiska Ministerrådet, 1977, Naturgeografiska regioner i Norden: Nemoral zone and Borenomoral zone.

EEA 2002, Digital map of the European Ecological regions (DMEER): Sarmatic mixed forest.

## 3 - Why is the Site important?

## 3.1 - Ramsar Criteria and their justification

☑ Criterion 1: Representative, rare or unique natural or near-natural wetland types

Other reasons

The site is a representative example of a near-natural wetland type (permanent river, estuarine waters and eelgrass beds) in the EU Continental region.

- ☑ Criterion 2 : Rare species and threatened ecological communities
- ☑ Criterion 3 : Biological diversity

Justificatio

The Site supports particular elements of biological diversity that are characteristic of the EU Continental region. The site is important as a breeding area for waterbirds and staging area for migratory waterbird species and supports rare/endangered bird species. It is also an important waterbird wintering/non-breeding area. The site also harbours a number of red listed plant species.

- ☑ Criterion 4 : Support during critical life cycle stage or in adverse conditions
- ☑ Criterion 8 : Fish spawning grounds, etc.

Justification

Important spawning ground, nursery and feeding area for several fish species.

## 3.2 - Plant species whose presence relates to the international importance of the site

Scientific name	Common name	Criterion 2	Criterion 3	Criterion 4	IUCN Red List	CITES Appendix I	Other status	Justification
Carex hartmanii		<b>2</b>	✓		LC Sign		Swedish Red List 2015: (VU)	See textbox below.
Carex maritima		<b>₽</b>	✓		LC Sisse		Swedish Red List 2015: (EN)	See textbox below.
Gentianella campestris		<b>2</b>	✓		LC Sign		Swedish Red List 2015: (EN)	See textbox below.
Isolepis setacea		<b>&gt;</b>	<b>/</b>		LC Sisse		Swedish Red List 2015: (EN)	See textbox below.

Criterion 3: The site shows an outstanding example of a particular plant community and an outstanding variety of species present. It supports rare/endangered species.

Criterion 2: For all Red-listed species, the Swedish red-list status and general information for that classification etc can be found at http://artfakta.artdatabanken.se/.

3.3 - Animal species whose presence relates to the international importance of the site

Phylum	Scientific name	Common name	Species qualifies under criterion 2 4 6 9	Species contributes under criterion 3 5 7 8	Pop. Size	Period of pop. Est.	% occurrence 1)	IUCN Red List	CITES Appendix I	CMS Appendix I	Other Status	Justification
Birds												
CHORDATA/ AVES	Aythya marila	Greater Scaup			]			LC OTH			Swedish Red List 2015 (VU).	Staging. See textbox below the table.
CHORDATA/ AVES	Bucephala clangula	Common Goldeneye		<b>2</b> 000	150			LC				Staging. See textbox below the table.
CHORDATA/ AVES	Cygnus olor	Mute Swan		<b>2</b> 000	200			LC Sign				Breeding. See textbox below the table.
CHORDATA/ AVES	Haliaeetus albicilla	White-tailed Eagle			)			LC	<b></b> ✓	<b></b> ✓	Swedish Red List 2015 (NT).	Foraging wintertime. See textbox below the table.
CHORDATA/ AVES	Mergellus albellus	Smew		<b>2</b> 000	)			LC OTH			EC Birds Directive Annex I.	Staging. See textbox below the table.
CHORDATA/ AVES	Mergus serrator	Red-breasted Merganser			100			LC Sign				See textbox below the table.
CHORDATA/ AVES	Podiceps auritus	Horned Grebe		<b>2</b> 000	]			VU Sign			EC Birds Directive Annex I.	See textbox below the table
CHORDATA/ AVES	Tachybaptus ruficollis	Little Grebe		<b>2</b> 000	)			LC ©#				See textbox below the table.
CHORDATA/ AVES	Uria aalge	Common Murre		<b>2</b> 000	)			LC OTH				See textbox below the table.
Fish, Mollusc	and Crustacea											
CHORDATA/ ACTINOPTERYG	Anguilla anguilla	Eel			1			CR			Swedish Red List 2015 (CR).	Feeding grounds. See the textbox below the table.
CHORDATA/ ACTINOPTERYG	Leuciscus aspius	Schied			ì			LC Sign			Swedish Red List 2015 (NT). EC Habitats Directive Annex II.	Feeding grounds. See the textbox below the table.
CHORDATA/ ACTINOPTERYG	Salmo salar			<b>2</b> 00 <b>2</b>	]						EC Habitats Directive Annex II.	Feeding grounds and migration path. See the textbox below the table.
CHORDATA/ ACTINOPTERYG	Salmo trutta				]			LC				Feeding ground and migration path. See the textbox below the table.

<sup>1)</sup> Percentage of the total biogeographic population at the site

Criterion 2: For all red-listed species, the Swedish red-list status and general information for that classification etc can be found at http://artfakta.artdatabanken.se/.

3.4 - Ecological communities whose presence relates to the international importance of the site

3.4 - Ecological confindings whose presence relates to the international importance of the site							
Name of ecological community	Community qualifies under Criterion 2?	Description	Justification				
Zostera marina beds	Ø	Sea grass beds occur within the site on soft bottoms in shallow waters, down to a depth of 4 meters. They are important for a large number of animals. They offer shelter, nursery areas for flatfish and feeding grounds for waterfowl.	Zostera beds are listed on the OSPAR				

## 4 - What is the Site like? (Ecological character description)

## 4.1 - Ecological character

The marine shallow areas include highly productive waters. One important habitat in particular is the very large soft bottom area covered with stands of eelgrass Zostera marina, offering shelter for large numbers of animals. Terrestrial vegetation is adapted to the landscape and can grow in fissures in bare rocks, among rocks and stones and in gravel. The many bays within the site are surrounded by e.g. flat agricultural landscape, seashore meadows and other shores temporarily flooded by the sea. The many islands are mostly bare rock isles with low shrub vegetation. The vegetation along Nordre älv river contains a multitude of nature and vegetation types, such as meadows, fens, reed-swamp (Phragmites australis), rush (Scirpus sp.), sedges (Carex spp.), beech-forests (Fagus sp.), deciduous forests and rocky areas.

The site consists of a shallow marine bay around the mouth of the Nordre älv river, and part of the river, about 5 km in length. There are several sheltered small bays and a large number of islands and isles within the site. The shores and archipelago contain clay shores, bare rock shores, rocky shores, and a mixture of flat and hilly coastal areas. The river valley of Nordre älv river displays a wide variety of geological formations, such as different kinds of ravines, landslide and fault formations, moraine deposits and several other Ice Age formations.

## 4.2 - What wetland type(s) are in the site?

## Marine or coastal wetlands

Wetland types (code and name)	Local name	Ranking of extent (1: greatest - 4: least)	Area (ha) of wetland type	Justification of Criterion 1
A: Permanent shallow marine waters		1		Representative
B: Marine subtidal aquatic beds (Underwater vegetation)		4		Representative
D: Rocky marine shores		0	540	Representative
E: Sand, shingle or pebble shores		0		Representative
F: Estuarine waters		2	1900	Representative
G: Intertidal mud, sand or salt flats		0		Representative
Ga: Bivalve (shell-fish) reefs		0		Representative
H: Intertidal marshes		0	130	Representative

## Inland wetlands

Wetland types (code and name)	Local name	Ranking of extent (1: greatest - 4: least)	Area (ha) of wetland type	Justification of Criterion 1
Fresh water > Flowing water >> M Permanent rivers/ streams/ creeks		3	215	Representative
Fresh water > Lakes and pools >> Tp: Permanent freshwater marshes/ pools		0		Representative

## Other non-wetland habitat

Other non-wetland habitats within the site	Area (ha) if known	
deciduous forest	40	
arable land	90	
meadows	30	
residential areas		

## 4.3 - Biological components

## 4.3.1 - Plant species

Other noteworthy plant species

Scientific name	Common name	Position in range / endemism / other
Antennaria dioica		
Briza media		
Carex paleacea		Swedish Red List 2015 (NT)
Carex vacillans		Swedish Red List 2015 (NT)
Dactylorhiza incarnata		
Festuca arundinacea		
Fragaria viridis		
Hierochloe odorata		
Lathyrus palustris	Marsh Pea;Marsh Vetchling	
Nardus stricta		
Oenanthe aquatica		
Ononis spinosa hircina		
Ophioglossum vulgatum		
Rhinanthus serotinus		
Selinum carvifolia		
Serratula tinctoria		

## 4.3.2 - Animal species

<no data available>

## 4.4 - Physical components

## 4.4.1 - Climate

Climatic region	Subregion	
C: Moist Mid-Latitude	Cfb: Marine west coast (Mild with no dry season,	
Cilliate William Willers	warm summer)	

## 4.4.2 - Geomorphic setting

a) Mnimum elevation above sea level (in metres)
a) Maximum elevation above sea level (in metres)
Entire river basin
Upper part of river basin ☐
Middle part of river basin □
Lower part of river basin 🗹
More than one river basin ☐
Not in river basin 🗹
Coastal <b>☑</b>

Please name the river basin or basins. If the site lies in a sub-basin, please also name the larger river basin. For a coastal/marine site, please name the sea or ocean.

The site is mainly coastal and most of it is not part of a river basin. Only the easternmost parts of the site lie within Nordre älv river basin and only contain the lower parts of the basin. The Nordre älv is a branch of the Göta älv in the big Göta älv-Klarälven-Trysil elva catchment area.

## 4.4.3 - Soil



## 4.4.4 - Water regime

Water permanence

RIS for Site no. 1125, 1	Nordre älvs estuarium, S	Sweden
Presence?	Changes at RIS update	
Usually permanent water present	Changes at NO update	
ource of water that maintain	is character of the site	
Presence?	Predominant water source	Changes at RIS update
Water inputs from surface water		No change
Marine water		No change
Notes destination		
Vater destination Presence?	Changes at RIS update	
Marine	No change	
tability of water regime		
Presence?	Changes at RIS update	
Water levels fluctuating (including tidal)	No change	
.4.5 - Sediment regim		jime unknown ☑
Please provide further inforr	mation on sediment (optional):	
Sediment regime with at the site.	nin the site is mainly unkr	nown. Increased runoff o
.4.6 - Water pH		
		I (pH: 5.5-7.4 ) ☑
	(Update) Changes	at RIS update No change ©
		Unknown □
Please provide further inform	mation on pH (optional):	
	re älv river is circumneutr brackish and marine par	
4.4.7 - Water salinity		
•	F	resh (<0.5 g/l) ☑
	(Update) Changes	at RIS update No change ©
	Mychalina (brackish)/Myceali	

# Fresh (<0.5 g/l) (Update) Changes at RIS update No change Increase Decrease Unknown O Mixohaline (brackish)/Mixosaline (0.5-30 g/l) (Update) Changes at RIS update No change Increase Decrease Unknown O Euhaline/Eusaline (30-40 g/l) (Update) Changes at RIS update No change Increase Decrease Unknown O Unknown D Unknown D

## Please provide further information on salinity (optional):

The site has a wide range of water salinity ranging from fresh water upstream river Nordre älv and low salinity in the surface waters to higher salinity in the deeper waters.

## 4.4.8 - Dissolved or suspended nutrients in water

Eutrophic ☑

(Update) Changes at RIS update

Unknown □

## 4.4.9 - Features of the surrounding area which may affect the Site

Please describe whether, and if so how, the landscape and ecological characteristics in the area surrounding the Ramsar Site differ from the i) broadly similar O ii) significantly different O site itself:

Surrounding area has greater urbanisation or development  $\ensuremath{\checkmark}$ 

Surrounding area has higher human population density 🗹

Surrounding area has more intensive agricultural use  $\Box$ 

Surrounding area has significantly different land cover or habitat types  $\ensuremath{\overline{\sigma}}$ 

Please describe other ways in which the surrounding area is different:

The eastern part has surroundings with forests, arable land and built-up areas, that differ a lot to the site. The western part of the site is surrounded by more similar habitats, sea with islands, without forests.

## 4.5 - Ecosystem services

## 4.5.1 - Ecosystem services/benefits

Provisioning Services

Ecosystem service	Examples	Importance/Extent/Significance	
Food for humans	Sustenance for humans (e.g., fish, molluscs, grains)	High	

## **Cultural Services**

Ecosystem service	Examples	Importance/Extent/Significance	
Recreation and tourism	Recreational hunting and fishing	Medium	
Recreation and tourism	Picnics, outings, touring	High	
Spiritual and inspirational	Cultural heritage (historical and archaeological)	Medium	
Scientific and educational	Major scientific study site	Medium	

Have studies or assessments been made of the economic valuation of ecosystem services provided by this Ramsar Site?

## 4.5.2 - Social and cultural values

i) the site provides a model of wetland wise use, demonstrating the application of traditional knowledge and methods of management and use that maintain the ecological character of the wetland
ii) the site has exceptional cultural traditions or records of former civilizations that have influenced the ecological character of the wetland
iii) the ecological character of the wetland depends on its interaction with local communities or indigenous peoples
iv) relevant non-material values such as sacred sites are present and their existence is strongly linked with the maintenance of the ecological character of the wetland

<no data available>

## 4.6 - Ecological processes

<no data available>

## 5 - How is the Site managed? (Conservation and management)

## 5.1 - Land tenure and responsibilities (Managers)

## 5.1.1 - Land tenure/ownership

Public ownership

Category	Within the Ramsar Site	In the surrounding area	
Local authority, municipality, (sub)district, etc.	<b>2</b>		

Private ownership

Category	Within the Ramsar Site	In the surrounding area	
Other types of private/individual owner(s)	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	

## 5.1.2 - Management authority

Please list the local office / offices of any agency or organization responsible for managing the site:

Länsstyrelsen i Västra Götalands län / County Administrative Board of Västra Götaland (Västkuststiftelsen)

Provide the name and title of the person or people with responsibility for the wetland:

Kontaktperson för Ramsarområden

Länsstyrelsen i Västra Götalands län, 403 40 Göteborg, Sweden

Postal address:

(Västkuststiftelsen, Vallda Sandö, Sandöhamnsvägen 71, 434 94 Vallda, Sweden) (email: post@vastkuststiftelsen.se)

(phone: 031-40 29 81)

E-mail address: vastragotaland@lansstyrelsen.se

## 5.2 - Ecological character threats and responses (Management)

## 5.2.1 - Factors (actual or likely) adversely affecting the Site's ecological character

Human settlements (non agricultural)

Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Unspecified development		Low impact	<b>✓</b>	No change	✓	No change

Water regulation

Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Dredging		Low impact	✓	No change	✓	No change
Drainage		Low impact	✓	No change	✓	No change

## Please describe any other threats (optional):

Other potential threats can be changes in sea currents, landfilling and construction of dikes to increase areas of dry land, anchoring of buoys and bridges and other construction in the water as well as pollutant discharges.

## 5.2.2 - Legal conservation status

Regional (international) legal designations

Designation type	Name of area	Online information url	Overlap with Ramsar Site
EU Natura 2000	3 Natura sites (see National legislation below)		partly
Other international designation	OSPAR-MPA: Nordre älvs estuarium	http://mpa.ospar.org/home_ospar/ mpa_datasheets/an_mpa_datasheet_ en?wdpaid=555557102&gid=1744≶= 0	partly

## National legal designations

Designation type	Name of area	Online information url	Overlap with Ramsar Site
Bird Sanctuaries			partly
Natura 2000 SCI	Nordre älv-Tomtebacka	http://www.lansstyrelsen.se/vast ragotaland/SiteCollectionDocumen ts/Sv/dj	partly
Natura 2000 SPA	Göta älv-Nordre älvs dalgång	http://www.lansstyrelsen.se/vast ragotaland/SiteCollectionDocumen ts/Sv/djur-och-natur/skyddad-nat ur/natura-2000/bevarandeplaner/G öteborg/gota-alv-nordre-alvs-da lgang-se0520035.pdf	partly
Natura 2000 SPA and SCI	Nordre älvs estuarium	http://www.lansstyrelsen.se/vast ragotaland/SiteCollectionDocumen ts/Svfdjur-och-natur/skyddad-nat ur/natura-2000/bevarandeplaner/G öteborg/nordre-alvs-estuarium-s e0520043.pdf	partly
Nature reserve (1)	Nordre älvs estuarium	http://www.lansstyrelsen.se/vast ragotaland/Sv/djur-och-natur/sky ddad- natur/naturreservat/lanets- naturreservat/ockero/nordre-alvs - estuarium/Pages/index.aspx	partly
Nature reserve (2)	Göta och Nordre älvs dalgång	http://www.lansstyrelsen.se/vast ragotaland/Sv/djur-och-natur/sky ddad- natur/naturreservat/lanets- naturreservat/kungalv/gota-norde -alvs- dalgangar/Pages/index.aspx	partly

## 5.2.3 - IUCN protected areas categories (2008)

la	Strict	Nature	Reserve	

Ib Wilderness Area: protected area managed mainly for wilderness protection

II National Park: protected area managed mainly for ecosystem protection and recreation

III Natural Monument: protected area managed mainly for conservation of specific natural features

IV Habitat/Species Management Area: protected area managed mainly for conservation through management intervention

VProtected Landscape/Seascape: protected area managed mainly for landscape/seascape conservation and recreation

M Managed Resource Protected Area: protected area managed mainly for the sustainable use of natural ecosystems

## 5.2.4 - Key conservation measures

Legal protection

Measures	Status
Legal protection	Implemented

## Habitat

Measures	Status
Habitat manipulation/enhancement	Partiallyimplemented

## Other:

Overgrown semi-natural habitats will be restored within a project (called GRACE) under Life+. The project period is from November 2010 to December 2016.

## 5.2.5 - Management planning

Is there a site-specific management plan for the site? Yes

Has a management effectiveness assessment been undertaken for the site? Yes O No ●

If the site is a formal transboundary site as indicated in section Data and location > Site location, are there shared management planning Yes O No 

processes with another Contracting Party?

## 5.2.6 - Planning for restoration

Is there a site-specific restoration plan? Yes, there is a plan

## 5.2.7 - Monitoring implemented or proposed

Monitoring	Status
Birds	Implemented
Plant community	Implemented
Animal community	
Soil quality	
Plant species	

Surveys have been carried out for habitats such as soft sea beds, for species such as Zostera marina and animal communities such as mussel banks with Mytilus edulis.

## 6 - Additional material

## 6.1 - Additional reports and documents

## 6.1.1 - Bibliographical references

Ahlén, I. & Tjernberg, M. (red.) 1996. Rödlistade ryggradsdjur i Sverige - Artfakta. ArtDatabanken, SLU, Uppsala.

Ehnström, B., Gärdenfors, U. & Lindelöw, Å. 1993. Rödlistade evertebrater i Sverige 1993. Databanken för hotade arter.

Ehrencrona, D. & Wedel, M. 1990. Inventering av ädellövskog. Kungälvs kommun. Länsstyrelsen rapport 1990:1.

Envall, K. 1986. Inventering av ädellövskog. Göteborgs kommun. Länsstyrelsen rapport 1986: 8. Göteborgs Ornitologiska Förening. 1993. Skyddsvärda fågellokaler i Göteborgstrakten. Fåglar på västkusten, supplement 26,

1993. GOF, Fågelskyddskommittén.

Göteborgsregionens kommunalförbund. 1977. Göteborgsregionen. Kust- och skärgårdsutredning. Del 1, September 1977.

Johansson, O. C., Blomqvist, D. & Pehrsson, O. 1997. Värdefulla rast- och övervintringsområden för sjöfåglar på Västkusten.

Länsstyrelsen i Göteborgs och Bohus län, rapport 1997: 4

Kuylenstierna, M. 1989-1990. Benthic Algal Vegetation in the Nordre Älv Estuary (Swedish West Coast). Volume 1.

Department of Marine Botany, University of Sweden.

Lagenfeldt, I. & Thörnelöf, E. 1982. Fiskeribiologisk inventering av grunda havsområden i Kungälvs kommun. Mars 1982.

Länsstyrelsen. 1988. Områdena av riksintressen för naturvård och friluftsliv. Planeringsunderlag i O-län.

Nordiska Ministerrådet, 1977. Naturgeografisk regionindelning av Norden . NU B 1977:34

Schillander, P. 1988. Ängar och hagar i Kungälvs kommun. Länstyrelsen rapport 1988: 7

Åhlund, M., Åhlund, I. & Berntsson, B. 1985. Häckfågelfaunan på betade havsstrandängar. - Naturinventeringar i Göteborgs och Bohus län 1985: 3.

Åsander, L. 1990. Ängs- och hagmarker i Göteborgs kommun. Länsstyrelsen rapport 1990:3.

Länsstyrelsen i O-län. 1994. Göteborgsregionen, Göteborgs stad och Bohuslandstinget. Hotade, sällsynta och hänsynskrävande ryggradsdjur i Göteborgs och Bohus län. Tillstånd. Miljö i Väst. Publikation 1994: 3.

Remissversion: Rödlistade arter i Sverige 2015. ArtDatabanken, SLU, Uppsala.

## 6.1.2 - Additional reports and documents

i. taxonomic lists of plant and animal species occurring in the site (see section 4.3)

<no file available>

ii. a detailed Ecological Character Description (ECD) (in a national format)

<no file available>

iii. a description of the site in a national or regional wetland inventory

<no file available>

iv. relevant Article 3.2 reports

<no ille available>

v. site management plan

<5 file(s) uploaded>

vi. other published literature

<1 file(s) uploaded>

## 6.1.3 - Photograph(s) of the Site

Please provide at least one photograph of the site:



Wet meadows, Nordre älvs estuarium ( *Länsstyrelsen i Västra Götaland, 2006* )



Wet meadows, Nordre älvs estuarium ( *Länsstyrelsen i Västra Götaland, 2006* )



Nordre älvs estuarium ( Länsstyrelsen i Västra Götaland, 2008 )



Grazing cattles, Nordre älvs estuarium ( *Länsstyrelsen i Västra Götaland, 2008* )



Senecio aquaticus, Nordre älvs estuarium ( Länsstyrelsen i Västra Götaland, 2008)



Nordre älvs estuarium ( Länsstyrelsen i Västra Götaland, 2008 )

## 6.1.4 - Designation letter and related data

## Designation letter

<1 file(s) uploaded>

Date of Designation 2001-11-14