

Ramsar Information Sheet

Published on 31 March 2017 Update version, previously published on : 1 January 2008





Designation date Site number

5 December 1974 26 Coordinates 63°16'25"N 12°32'32"E Area 11 031,00 ha

https://rsis.ramsar.org/ris/26 Created by RSIS V.1.6 on - 20 August 2018

Color codes

Fields back-shaded in light blue relate to data and information required only for RIS updates.

Note that some fields concerning aspects of Part 3, the Ecological Character Description of the RIS (tinted in purple), are not expected to be completed as part of a standard RIS, but are included for completeness so as to provide the requested consistency between the RIS and the format of a 'full' Ecological Character Description, as adopted in Resolution X.15 (2008). If a Contracting Party does have information available that is relevant to these fields (for example from a national format Ecological Character Description) it may, if it wishes to, include information in these additional fields.

1 - Summary

Summary

The site is located in the EU Alpine region. Annsjön is a large, very shallow, oligotrophic, freshwater lake, surrounded by extensive mires. There are inland deltas at the western and north-western shores of the lake, which are valuable from conservation and educational points of view. The deltas represent a rather rare feature in the county.

The mires around the lake are good examples of maritime influenced mire types. There is a mixture of bogs and fens. The flora is diverse. The vegetation in the bog consists of e.g. heather (Calluna vulgaris), dwarf birch (Betula nana) and Sphagnum fuscum. Structure elements like strings, tussocks, hollows and pools are found in the bog. In the fen, vegetation is dominated by sedge-species (Carex spp.). Some parts of the fen are rich, with species like slender sedge (Carex lasiocarpa) and purple moor-grass (Molinia caerulea). Racomitrium lanuginosum should be noted as a species which indicate the maritime influence on the mire vegetation. The fen is rich in brown mosses and sedge. Noteworthy moss species include Paludella squarrosa, Tomenthypnum nitens and Cinclidium stygium which all grow in rich fens. Eriophorum latifolium and Carex dioica are other species worth mentioning.

Annsjön is very important for breeding and migrating wetland birds. Black-throated diver (Gavia arctica), widgeon (Anas penelope), velvet scoter (Melanitta fusca), common scoter (M. nigra), long-tailed duck (Clangula hyemalis) arctic tern (Sterna paradisaea), greenshank (Tringa glubularia), wood sandpiper (Tringa glareola), golden plover (Pluvialis apricaria) and decreasing number of dunlin (Calidris alpina) are some noteworthy species. The site includes two bird sanctuaries where public access is restricted during parts of the year. The sanctuaries were established in 1976 but has since been expanded to include a total area of 2 309 ha.

Part of the site, 1 035 ha or 9 per cent, is included in a nature reserve.

In the peat of Klockamyren, there are two layers of pine trunks in the steep slope near the lake. These layers are approximately 4600 and 6100 years old, respectively, indicating that the area was forested at that time.

2 - Data & location

2.1 - Formal data

2.1.1 - Name and address of the compiler of this RIS

Compiler 1

| Name | Per-Olof Nystrand |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| nstitution/agency | Länsstyrelsen Jämtlands län |
| Postal address | SE-831 86 Östersund SWEDEN |
| E-mail | jamtland@lansstyrelsen.se |
| Phone | +46 10 225 30 00 |
| Fax | +46 10 225 30 10 |

Compiler 2

| Name | Jenny Lonnstad |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| Institution/agency | Naturvårdsverket (Swedish EPA) |
| Postal address | SE-106 48 Stockholm SWEDEN |
| E-mail | jenny.lonnstad@naturvardsverket.se |
| Phone | +46106981592 |

2.1.2 - Period of collection of data and information used to compile the RIS

| From year | 2001 |
|-----------|------|
| To year | 2015 |

2.1.3 - Name of the Ramsar Site

| Official name (in English, French or Spanish) | Ånnsjön |
|--|----------------|
| Unofficial name (optional) | Ånnsjön (lake) |

2.1.4 - Changes to the boundaries and area of the Site since its designation or earlier update

| ^(Update) A Changes to Site boundary Yes O No O | |
|---|--|
| ^(Update) The boundary has been delineated more accurately 🗹 | |
| ^(Update) The boundary has been extended 🗹 | |
| ^(Update) The boundary has been restricted 🗹 | |
| (Update) B. Changes to Site area the area has decreased | |
| (Update) The Site area has been calculated more accurately 🗹 | |
| ^(Update) The Site has been delineated more accurately 🗹 | |
| ^(Update) The Site area has increased because of a boundary extension 🗹 | |
| ^(Update) The Site area has decreased because of a boundary restriction 🗹 | |
| 2.1.5 - Changes to the ecological character of the Site | |
| ^(Update) 6b i. Has the ecological character of the Ramsar Site (including applicable Criteria) changed since the previous RIS? | |
| (Update) Are the changes Positive I Negative O Positive & Negative O | |
| (Update) Positive % 1 | |
| ^(Update) No information available | |
| ^(Update) Changes resulting from causes operating within the existing boundaries? | |
| ^(Update) Changes resulting from causes operating beyond the site's boundaries? | |
| | |

| The new boundary has in general resulted in the small built-up areas and forests on dry ground have been excluded. Areas included are in |
|---|
| Hydrological restoration by plugging and filling ditches has been done in the peatlands close to the village Ånn. |
| (Update) Please describe any changes to the ecological character of the Ramsar Site, including in the application of the Criteria, since the previous RIS for the site. |
| ^(Update) Changes consequent upon site boundary increase alone (e.g., the inclusion of different wetland types in the site)? |
| ^(Update) Changes consequent upon site boundary reduction alone (e.g., the exclusion of some wetland types formerly included within the site)? |
| |

The new boundary has in general resulted in the small built-up areas and forests on dry ground have been excluded. Areas included are in general small peatlands, parts of rivers and more of the shore along the lake.

^(Update) Is the change in ecological character negative, human-induced AND a significant change (above the limit of acceptable change) Yes O

2.2 - Site location

2.2.1 - Defining the Site boundaries

b) Digital map/image

<1 file(s) uploaded>

Former maps 0

Boundaries description

In the north the boundary follows, with small divergence, the railroad and road E14 between the villages Ånn and Enafors. From Enafors to Bunnerviken the boundary follow another smaller road. The border in this part also follows the boundary for the Swedish Mire Protection Plan. From Bunnerviken to Ånnsviken the boundary follows the shoreline of Ånnsjön. In this part the shoreline also connecting to the boundary of Nature reserve and N2000 site Vålådalen south of Ånnsjön. East of the lake includes the Ånnsjöfloarna mires, which are also a part of Natrure reserve and Natura 2000-site Vålådalen.

2.2.2 - General location

| a) In which large administrative region does | Jämtland |
|---|------------------------------------|
| the site lie? | |
| b) What is the nearest town or population centre? | Åre, about 25 km ENE from the site |

contro :

2.2.3 - For wetlands on national boundaries only

a) Does the wetland extend onto the territory of one or more other countries? Yes O No (

b) Is the site adjacent to another designated Ramsar Site on the territory of another Contracting Party?

2.2.4 - Area of the Site

| Official area, in hectares (ha): | 11031 |
|---|----------|
| | |
| Area, in nectares (na) as calculated from | 11035.22 |
| GIS boundaries | |

2.2.5 - Biogeography

| Biogeographic regions | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Regionalisation scheme(s) | Biogeographic region | | | | |
| Udvardy's Biogeographical Provinces | 03 West Eurasian Taiga | | | | |
| Bailey's Ecoregions | M240 Marine regime Mountains | | | | |
| WWF Terrestrial Ecoregions | Scandinavian-Russian Taiga | | | | |
| Other scheme (provide name below) | Scandinavian-Russian Taiga | | | | |
| Freshwater Ecoregions of the World (FEOW) | 406 Northern Baltic drainages | | | | |
| EU biogeographic regionalization | Alpine region | | | | |

Other biogeographic regionalisation scheme

Nordiska ministerrådet, 1984. Naturgeografisk indelning av Norden: Alpine zone 35i, southern mountain area. EEA, 2002. Digital Map of European Ecological regions (DMEER): Scandinavian-Russian Taiga

3 - Why is the Site important?

3.1 - Ramsar Criteria and their justification

Criterion 1: Representative, rare or unique natural or near-natural wetland types

| Hydrological services provided | The site has some value for flood control. |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Other ecosystem services provided | The area is used for hunting and fishing and picking cloudberry. The site provides livestock fodder for the reindeer husbandry by the local Sami population. |
| Other reasons | The site comprises the lake Ånnsjön and surrounding mires. The lake Ånnsjön is a large, shallow, oligotrophic, freshwater lake. There are inland deltas at the western and north western shores of the lake, which are valuable from conservation and educational points of view. The deltas represent a rather rare feature in the county. In the southwest, there are waterfalls and rapids called Handölsforsarma. The hydrology is to a large extent intact in the site. The mires around the lake are good examples of maritime influenced types and have a diverse flora. Ånnsjön is very important for breeding and migrating wetland birds. There are two bird sanctuaries in the delta areas, Enadeltat and Halsnäsdeltat. Ånnsjön is a popular bird watching site and lot of bird watcher visit this site every year, especially during the spring and summer. In Handöl there is a bird station where birds are marked with rings for survey and monitoring. |

Criterion 2 : Rare species and threatened ecological communities

Criterion 3 : Biological diversity

| Justification | The site supports populations of especially bird species important for maintaining the biological diversity of the EU Alpine region, primarily large numbers of ducks and waders. Several raptor species are |
|---------------|--|
| | regularly seen in the area. The great importance to birds is linked to the great variation of wetland types (miros, one) water, dottag, and shellow waters along the chore line). |
| | (mines, open water, deitas, and shallow waters along the shore line). |

Criterion 4 : Support during critical life cycle stage or in adverse conditions

Criterion 8 : Fish spawning grounds, etc.

Justification The tributaries to the lake have spawning sites for species of the Salmonidae.

3.2 - Plant species whose presence relates to the international importance of the site

| Scientific name | Common name | Criterion 2 | Criterion 3 | Criterion 4 | IUCN Red List | CITES Appendix I | Other status | Justification |
|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------|------------------|--------------|------------------------------|
| Dactylorhiza incarnata | | | × | | | | | See textbox below the table. |
| Paludella squarrosa | | | X | | | | | See textbox below the table. |
| Racomitrium Ianuginosum | | | × | | | | | See textbox below the table. |
| Scorpidium cossonii | | | × | | | | | See textbox below the table. |
| Tomentypnum nitens | | | × | | | | | See textbox below the table. |

Criterion 3: Observation of the plant species can be found in the wetland survey (VMI) for the county and at www.artportalen.se.

Species Species qualifies contributes % IUCN CITES CMS Pop. Period of pop. Est. occurrence Red Appendix Appendix Phylum Scientific name Common name under under Other Status Justification criterion criterion 1) List 1 2 4 6 9 3 5 7 8 Birds CHORDATA/ Actitis hypoleucos LC Common Breeding and searching food. See textbox below the table. \Box \Box ea. 🔊 AV/ES Sandpiper Anas acuta LC CHORDATA/ Breeding and searching food. See textbox below the table. \Box The Swedish Red List 2015 (VU). Northern Pintail 📲 💷 🔊 **AVES** Eurasian Teal Anas crecca LC CHORDATA/ Breeding and searching food. See textbox below the table. Green-winged 💶 🛍 💫 **AVES** Teal Anas penelope LC CHORDATA/ \Box Breeding and searching food. See textbox below the table. \Box Eurasian Wigeon **AVES** ei. 🍋 Asio flammeus LC CHORDATA/ \Box EC Birds Directive Annex I. Breeding and searching food. See textbox below the table. \Box Short-eared Owl **AVES** CHORDATA/ Aythya marila LC The Swedish Red List 2015 (VU). Breeding and searching food. See textbox below the table. MADDADD \Box Greater Scaup ●# ● []\$| 📲 🛍 💫 AVES Roughleg; Rough-Buteo lagopus CHORDATA/ leaged Buzzard: The Swedish Red List 2015 (NT). Breeding and searching food. See textbox below the table. AVES Rough-legged Hawk CHORDATA/ Calidris alpina LC \Box \Box Breeding and searching food. See textbox below the table. Dunlin 📲 🕮 🏟 **AVES** Circus cyaneus LC CHORDATA/ The Swedish Red List 2015 (NT). Breeding and searching food. See textbox below the table. \Box \Box Northern Harrier REP. AVES CHORDATA/ Cygnus cygnus Breeding and searching food. See textbox below the table. \Box \Box Whooper Swan 🜉 💷 🍋 **AVES** Emberiza Common Reed The Swedish Red List 2015 (VU). Breeding and searching food. See textbox below the table. CHORDATA/ schoeniclus Bunting; Reed VVOOVOOO \Box Bunting; Common AVES **60**. Reed-Bunting Gallinago LC CHORDATA/ See textbox below the table. gallinago \square Common Snipe 131 のご訳 AVES 💶 🛍 🌖 Arctic Loon; Black-CHORDATA/ Gavia arctica EC Birds Directive Annex I. Breeding and searching food. See textbox below the table. \Box \Box AVES 🜉 💷 🂫 throated Loon Red-throated Gavia stellata LC CHORDATA/ The Swedish Red List 2015 (NT). EC Birds Directive Annex I. Breeding and searching food. See textbox below the table. \Box Diver; Red-0 15F 🜉 💷 🂫 **AVES** throated Loon LC Melanitta nigra CHORDATA/ \Box \Box Breeding and searching food. See textbox below the table. Black Scoter 📲 🛍 🏟 0 15F **AVES** Numenius arquata NT CHORDATA/ The Swedish Red List 2015 (NT). Breeding and searching food. See textbox below the table. Eurasian Curlew 131 のご訳 📲 🛍 🏟 AVES Numenius CHORDATA/ LC Breeding and searching food. See textbox below the table. phaeopus Whimbrel AVES 🜉 💷 🂫 Phalaropus LC CHORDATA/ Red-necked EC Birds Directive Annex I. Breeding and searching food. See textbox below the table. lobatus AVES Phalarope 📲 🛍 🏟

3.3 - Animal species whose presence relates to the international importance of the site

| Phylum | Scientific name | Common name | c 2 | Species qualifies under criterion 4 6 9 | Species contribute under criterion 3 5 7 | 8 Pop |). Period of pop. Est. | % occurrence 1) | IUCN Red List | CITES Appendix I | CMS Appendix I | Other Status | Justification |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--|--------|---|--|-------|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|------------------------|----------------------|---|---|
| CHORDATA/ AVES | Philomachus pugnax | Ruff | V | ØOC | | | | | LC Star | | | The Swedish Red List 2015 (VU). EC Birds Directive Annex I. | Courtship, breeding and searching food. See textbox below the table. |
| CHORDATA/ AVES | Pluvialis apricaria 🕌 🖳 🤌 | European Golden Plover; European Golden-Plover | | ØOC | | | | | | | | EC Birds Directive Annex I. | Breeding and searching food. See textbox below the table. |
| CHORDATA/ AVES | Sterna paradisaea | Arctic Tern | | ØOC | | | | | LC Str | | | EC Birds Directive Annex I. | Breeding and searching food. See textbox below the table. |
| CHORDATA/ AVES | Tringa glareola | Wood Sandpiper | | ØOC | | | | | | | | EC Birds Directive Annex I. | Breeding and searching food. See textbox below the table. |
| CHORDATA/ AVES | Tringa nebularia | Common Greenshank | | ØOC | | | | | | | | | Breeding and searching food. See textbox below the table. |
| CHORDATA/ AVES | Tringa totanus | Common Redshank | | ØOC | | | | | | | | | Breeding and searching food. See textbox below the table. |
| CHORDATA/ AVES | Vanellus vanellus | Northern Lapwing | | ØOC | | | | | | | | | Breeding and searching food. See textbox below the table. |
| Fish, Mollusc and Crustacea | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CHORDATA/ ACTINOPTERYGII | Phoxinus phoxinus | Minow | | | | s. | | | | | | | A lot of them living as adult in lake Ånnsjön and during the courtship in the tributary to Ånnsjön. See textbox below the table. |
| CHORDATA/ ACTINOPTERYGII | Salmo trutta | Trout | | | | 1 | | | | | | | Living as adult in lake Ånnsjön and during the courtship in the tributary to Ånnsjön. See textbox below the table. |
| CHORDATA/ ACTINOPTERYGII | Salvelinus alpinus | Arctic Char | | | | s. | | | | | | | Living as adult in lake Ånnsjön and during the courtship in the tributary to Ånnsjön. See textbox below the table. |
| Others | Others | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CHORDATA/ MAMMALIA | Lutra lutra | European Otter | V | | | | | | NT © | V | | The Swedish Red List 2015 (NT). | See textbox below the table. |

1) Percentage of the total biogeographic population at the site

Criterion 2, 3, 4 and 8: The species status in the Swedish Red List and general information for that classification as well as their distribution etc, can be found at http://www.artdatabanken.se/. Observation of the species can be found in the wetland survey (VMI) for the county and at www.artportalen.se.

3.4 - Ecological communities whose presence relates to the international importance of the site

| Name of ecological community | Community qualifies under Criterion 2? | Description | Justification |
|---|---|---|---|
| EU7140Transition mires and quaking bogs | | Peat-forming habitat on oligotrophic to mesotrophic waters, including characteristics intermediate between soligenous and ombrogenous mire types. Swaying swards, floating carpets or quaking mires are also included. It includes many plant communities. | Listed in the EU Habitats Directive, Annex I. In 2013 the conservation status was favourable for the habitat in the Swedish part of the EU Alpine region. |
| EU3130 Oligo-mesotrphic standing waters | | Aquatic to amphibious short perennial vegetation, oligotrophic to mesotrophic, of lake, pond and pool banks and water-land interfaces. | Listed in the EU Habitats Directive, Annex I. In 2013 the conservation status was favourable for the habitat in the Swedish part of the EU Alpine region. |
| EU3210 Fennoscandian natural rivers | Ø | Natural river systems containing nutrient-poor water. The water level shows great amplitude, up to 6 m during the year. The water- dynamics can vary and contain waterfalls, rapid streams, calm water, and small lakes adjacent to the river. | Listed in the EU Habitats Directive, Annex I. In 2013 the conservation status was unfavourable for the habitat in the Swedish part of the EU Apine region. |
| EU3220 Apine rivers | | Open assemblages of herbaceous or suffrutescent pioneering plants, rich in alpine species, colonising gravel beds of streams with an alpine, summer-high, flow regime, formed in northern boreal mountains, hills and sometimes lowlands. | Listed in the EU Habitats Directive, Annex I. In 2013 the conservation status was favourable for the habitat in the Swedish part of the EU Apine region. |
| EU7130 Blanket bogs | Ø | Extensive bog communities or landscapes on flat or sloping ground with poor surface drainage, in oceanic climates. Blanket bogs are mostly ombrotrophic. Racomitrium lanuginosum is a character species for the habitat in Sweden. | Listed in the EU Habitats Directive, Annex I. In 2013 the conservation status was favourable for the habitat in the Swedish part of the EU Alpine region. But the habitat is a rare one. |
| EU7310 Aapa mires | | Mre complexes characterised by centres of minerotrophic fen vegetation. Included mire units: mixed mires, string-fens, flark-fens, unraised Sphagum fuscum-bogs, unpatterned topogenous or soligenous lawn-, carpet or mud-bottom fens. | Listed in the EU Habitats Directive, Annex I. In 2013 the conservation status was favourable for the habitat in the Swedish part of the EU Apine region. |

4 - What is the Site like? (Ecological character description)

4.1 - Ecological character

The site is located in the EU Alpine region. Annsjön is a large, very shallow, oligotrophic, freshwater lake, surrounded by extensive mires. There are inland deltas at the western and north-western shores of the lake, which are valuable from conservation and educational points of view. The deltas represent a rather rare feature in the county. The mires around the lake are good examples of maritime influenced mire types. There is a mixture of bogs and fens. The flora is diverse. The vegetation in the bog consists of e.g. heather (Calluna vulgaris), dwarf birch (Betula nana) and Sphagnum fuscum. Structure elements like strings, tussocks, hollows and pools are found in the bog. In the fen, vegetation is dominated by sedge-species (Carex spp.). Some parts of the fen are rich, with species like slender sedge (Carex lasiocarpa) and purple moor-grass (Molinia caerulea). Racomitrium lanuginosum should be noted as a species which indicate the maritime influence on the mire vegetation. The fen is rich in brown mosses and sedge. Noteworthy moss species include Paludella squarrosa, Tomenthypnum nitens and Cinclidium stygium which all grow in rich fens. Eriophorum latifolium and Carex dioica are other species worth mentioning

Ånnsjön is very important for breeding and migrating wetland birds. Black-throated diver (Gavia arctica), widgeon (Anas penelope), velvet scoter (Melanitta fusca), common scoter (M. nigra), long-tailed duck (Clangula hyemalis) arctic tern (Sterna paradisaea), greenshank (Tringa glubularia), wood sandpiper (Tringa glareola), golden plover (Pluvialis apricaria) and decreasing number of dunlin (Calidris alpina) are example of noteworthy species. The area is also important for wintering raptors.

In the peat of Klockamyren, there are two layers of pine trunks in the steep slope near the lake. These layers are approximately 4600 and 6100 years old, respectively, indicating that the area was forested at that time.

4.2 - What wetland type(s) are in the site?

Inland wetlands Wetland types (code and Area (ha) Justification of Criterion 1 Local name Ranking of extent (1: greatest - 4: least) of wetland type name) Fresh water > Flowing 900 3 Rare water >> L: Permanent inland deltas Fresh water > Flowing water >> Mt Permanent 110 rivers/ 4 Representative streams/ creeks Fresh water > Lakes and pools >> O: Permanent 5800 1 Representative freshwater lakes Fresh water > Lakes and pools >> Tp: Permanent 100 4 Representative freshwater marshes/ pools Fresh water > Marshes on peat soils 2500 2 Representative >> U: Permanent Nonforested peatlands Fresh water > Marshes on inorganic 100 4 Representative soils >> W: Shrubdominated wetlands Fresh water > Marshes on inorganic 0 soils >> Xf: Freshwater, tree-dominated wetlands Fresh water > Marshes on peat soils 0 >> Xp: Permanent Forested peatlands

| Other non-wetland habitat | | |
|--|--------------------|--|
| Other non-wetland habitats within the site | Area (ha) if known | |
| Coniferous forest on dry ground | | |

4.3 - Biological components

4.3.1 - Plant species

<no data available>

4.3.2 - Animal species

Invasive alien animal species

RIS for Site no. 26, Ånnsjön, Sweden

| Phylum | Scientific name | Common name | Impacts | Changes at RIS update |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|---|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| CHORDATA/ACTINOPTERYGII | Salvelinus fontinalis | Common brook trout;Coaster;Brookie;Brookie | Actually (major impacts) | No change |
| CHORDATA/ACTINOPTERYGII | Salvelinus namaycush | Lake charr | Actually (major impacts) | decrease |

4.4 - Physical components

4.4.1 - Climate

| Climatic region | Subregion |
|--|--|
| D: Moist Mid-Latitude climate with cold winters | Dfc: Subarctic (Severe winter, no dry season, cool summer) |

4.4.2 - Geomorphic setting

| 526 | a) Mnimum elevation above sea level (in metres) |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| 571 | a) Maximum elevation above sea level (in metres) |
| Entire river basin | |
| Upper part of river basin 🗵 | |
| Middle part of river basin \Box | |
| Lower part of river basin 🗖 | |
| More than one river basin \Box | |
| Not in river basin 🗖 | |
| Coastal | |

Please name the river basin or basins. If the site lies in a sub-basin, please also name the larger river basin. For a coastal/marine site, please name the sea or ocean. The site is located in the upper part of the catchment area of the river Indalsälven. The Indalsälven finally enters the Baltic sea far from the site. The streams Enan, Handölan, Rekån and Järpån are tributaries to the lake Ånnsjön.

4.4.3 - Soil

Mineral 🗵

^(Update) Changes at RIS update No change Increase O Decrease O Unknown O

Organic 🗹

(Update) Changes at RIS update No change
 Increase O Decrease O Unknown O

No available information \Box

Are soil types subject to change as a result of changing hydrological Yes O No O conditions (e.g., increased salinity or acidification)?

4.4.4 - Water regime

| Dress and 2 | Char |
|------------------|------|
| Water permanence | |

| Presence? | Changes at RIS update |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Usually permanent water | |
| present | |

Source of water that maintains character of the site

| Presence? | Predominant water source | Changes at RIS update |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| Water inputs from rainfall | | No change |
| Water inputs from surface water | | No change |
| Water inputs from groundwater | | No change |

Water destination

| Presence? | Changes at RIS update |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| To downstream catchment | No change |
| | |

| Stability of water regime | | |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| Presence? | Changes at RIS update | |
| Water levels fluctuating (including tidal) | No change | |

Please add any comments on the water regime and its determinants (if relevant). Use this box to explain sites with complex hydrology.

There is high water level in the streams during the snow melting.

4.4.5 - Sediment regime

Sediment regime unknown

Please provide further information on sediment (optional):

There is deposit of sediment in the lake in the delta areas.

4.4.6 - Water pH

Alkaline (pH>7.4) 🗹

(Update) Changes at RIS update No change Increase O Decrease O Unknown O

Unknown

4.4.7 - Water salinity

| Fresh (<0.5 g/l) | V |
|---|--|
| ^(Update) Changes at RIS update | No change Increase Decrease Unknown |
| Unknown | |

4.4.8 - Dissolved or suspended nutrients in water

Oligotrophic 🗹

(Update) Changes at RIS update No change
 Increase O Decrease O Unknown O

Unknown 🗖

4.4.9 - Features of the surrounding area which may affect the Site

Please describe whether, and if so how, the landscape and ecological characteristics in the area surrounding the Ramsar Site differ from the i) broadly similar O ii) significantly different site itself. Surrounding area has greater urbanisation or development Surrounding area has higher human population density Surrounding area has more intensive agricultural use

Surrounding area has significantly different land cover or habitat types

Please describe other ways in which the surrounding area is different:

The site is surrounded by mountainous areas to the south and the southwest. To the west, the north and the east are slopes with a mixture of peatlands and forests of less conservation value.

4.5 - Ecosystem services

4.5.1 - Ecosystem services/benefits

Provisioning Services

| Ecosystem service | Examples | Importance/Extent/Significance |
|---------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| Food for humans | Sustenance for humans (e.g., fish, molluscs, grains) | Low |
| Wetland non-food products | Livestock fodder | Medium |

Regulating Services

| Ecosystem service | Examples | Importance/Extent/Significance |
|-------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Hazard reduction | Flood control, flood storage | Low |

Cultural Services

| Ecosystem service | Examples | Importance/Extent/Significance |
|-----------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| Recreation and tourism | Nature observation and nature-based tourism | High |
| Recreation and tourism | Picnics, outings, touring | Medium |
| Recreation and tourism | Recreational hunting and fishing | High |
| Spiritual and inspirational | Cultural heritage (historical and archaeological) | Medium |
| Scientific and educational | Important knowledge systems, importance for research (scientific reference area or site) | Medium |
| Scientific and educational | Major scientific study site | Medium |
| Scientific and educational | Educational activities and opportunities | Medium |

Other ecosystem service(s) not included above:

| Food for human refers to picking berries and fungi. Livestock fodder refers to fodder for the reindeers. | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Within the site: 2000 | | | | | |
| Outside the site: | 2000 | | | | |
| Have studies or assessments been made of ecosystem services prov | the economic valuation of Yes O No O Unknown ided by this Ramsar Site? | | | | |
| 4.5.2 - Social and cultural values | | | | | |
| i) the site provides a model of wetland wis application of traditional knowledge and met use that maintain the ecological | e use, demonstrating the nods of management and al character of the wetland | | | | |
| ii) the site has exceptional cultural trad civilizations that have influenced the ecologic | itions or records of former | | | | |
| iii) the ecological character of the wetland with local communiti | depends on its interaction es or indigenous peoples | | | | |
| iv) relevant non-material values such as sad their existence is strongly linked with the main | red sites are present and ntenance of the ecological □ character of the wetland | | | | |
| <no available="" data=""></no> | | | | | |

4.6 - Ecological processes

<no data available>

5 - How is the Site managed? (Conservation and management)

5.1 - Land tenure and responsibilities (Managers)

5.1.1 - Land tenure/ownership

| Public ownership | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Category | Within the Ramsar Site | In the surrounding area | | | | | |
| National/Federal government | V | V | | | | | |

Private ownership

| Category | Within the Ramsar Site | In the surrounding area |
|---|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Other types of private/individual owner(s) | × | V |
| Commercial (company) | × | |

Provide further information on the land tenure / ownership regime (optional):

The Sami has right to have reindeer husbandry at the site and in its surroundings.

5.1.2 - Management authority

| Please list the local office / offices of any agency or organization responsible for managing the site: | Länsstyrelsen Jämtlands län (County Administration Board of Jämtland) |
|---|---|
| Provide the name and title of the person or people with responsibility for the wetland: | Ramsar contact person, Nature conservation administrator |
| Postal address: | S-831 86 Östersund, Sweden |
| E-mail address: | jamtland@lansstyrelsen.se |

5.2 - Ecological character threats and responses (Management)

5.2.1 - Factors (actual or likely) adversely affecting the Site's ecological character

Water regulation

| Factors adversely affecting site | Actual threat | Potential threat | Within the site | Changes | In the surrounding area | Changes |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------|-----------|
| Drainage | Low impact | Low impact | × | No change | | No change |

Agriculture and aquaculture

| Factors adversely affecting site | Actual threat | Potential threat | Within the site | Changes | In the surrounding area | Changes |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------|-----------|
| Wood and pulp plantations | Low impact | Low impact | I | No change | I | No change |

Energy production and mining

| Factors adversely affecting site | Actual threat | Potential threat | Within the site | Changes | In the surrounding area | Changes |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------|-----------|
| Mining and quarrying | Low impact | Low impact | | No change | × | No change |

Invasive and other problematic species and genes

| Factors adversely affecting site | Actual threat | Potential threat | Within the site | Changes | In the surrounding area | Changes |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------|-----------|
| Invasive non-native/ alien species | High impact | High impact | × | No change | ×. | No change |

5.2.2 - Legal conservation status

Regional (international) legal designations

| | 0 () 0 0 | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------|---|------------------------|--------------------------|
| Designation type EU Natura 2000 | | Name of area | Online information url | Overlap with Ramsar Site |
| | | Several sites see national legislation below. | | partly |

National legal designations

RIS for Site no. 26, Ånnsjön, Sweden

| Designation type | Name of area | Online information url | Overlap with Ramsar Site |
|--|--------------------|---|--------------------------|
| 1. EU Natura 2000 SAC | Ånnsjön | http://www.lansstyrelsen.se/jamt land/SiteCollectionDocuments/sv/ djur- och-natur/skyddad-natur/nat ura- 2000/ÅnnsjonSE0720282bp4.pd f | partly |
| 1. EU Natura 2000 SPA | Ånnsjön | http://www.lansstyrelsen.se/jamt land/SiteCollectionDocuments/sv/ djur- och-natur/skyddad-natur/nat ura- 2000/ÅnnsjonSE0720282bp4.pd f | partly |
| 1. site of national importance for nature conservation | Ånnsjön | http://nvpub.vic-metria.nu/hand l ingar/rest/dokument/203954 | partly |
| 2. EU Natura 2000 SAC | Åreälven | http://www.lansstyrelsen.se/jamt land/SiteCollectionDocuments/sv/ djur- och-natur/skyddad-natur/nat ura- 2000/ÅreälvenSE0720286.pdf | partly |
| 2. site of national importance for nature conservation | Åreälven-Medstugan | http://nvpub.vic-metria.nu/hand l ingar/rest/dokument/203952 | partly |
| 3. site of national importance for nature conservation | Jämtlandsfjällen | http://nvpub.vic-metria.n u/handlingar/rest/dokument/20395 5 | partly |
| Protected against building hydro-electric dams | Åreälven | | partly |
| bird sanctuary | Ånnsjön | http://www.lansstyrelsen.se/Jamt land/Sv/djur-och-natur/skyddad-n atur/fagelskyddsomraden/Pages/an nsjon.aspx | partly |
| nature reserve | Vålådalen | http://www.lansstyrelsen.se/jamt land/Sv/djur-och-natur/skyddad-n atur/naturreservat/are/valadalen /Pages/index.asp | partly |

| Non-statutory designations | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|---|--------------------------|
| Designation type | Name of area | Online information url | Overlap with Ramsar Site |
| Important Bird Area | Lake Ånnsjön-Storlien | http://datazone.birdlife. org/site/factsheet/lake-ånnsjö n- storlien-iba-sweden | |

5.2.3 - IUCN protected areas categories (2008)

la Strict Nature Reserve 🗖

- Ib Wilderness Area: protected area managed mainly for wilderness protection
 - II National Park: protected area managed mainly for ecosystem protection and recreation
- III Natural Monument: protected area managed mainly for conservation of specific natural features
- IV Habitat/Species Management Area: protected area managed mainly for conservation through management intervention
- VProtected Landscape/Seascape: protected area managed mainly for landscape/seascape conservation and recreation
- VI Managed Resource Protected Area: protected area managed mainly for the sustainable use of natural ecosystems

5.2.4 - Key conservation measures

| Status |
|-----------------------|
| Partially implemented |
| |

Other:

Most part of the Ramsar site is included in Natura 2000, mainly the lake and the mires in the west part of the site. The mires in the west part is also included in the Swedish Mire Protection Plan.

5.2.5 - Management planning

Is there a site-specific management plan for the site? Yes

Has a management effectiveness assessment been undertaken for the site? Yes O No ()

If the site is a formal transboundary site as indicated in section Data and location > Site location, are there shared management planning Yes O No processes with another Contracting Party?

Please indicate if a Ramsar centre, other educational or visitor facility, or an educational or visitor programme is associated with the site:

Near the delta formation, close to the village Ånn, there are foot path and boards walks connecting a numbers of hides and towers for bird watching. In the west part of the site near Handöl, there is also foot path to bird towers.

5.2.6 - Planning for restoration

Is there a site-specific restoration plan? Yes, there is a plan

5.2.7 - Monitoring implemented or proposed

| Monitoring | Status | |
|------------|-------------|--|
| Birds | Implemented | |

Handöl bird station, in the west part of the site, has activities in the field of monitoring of birds.

6 - Additional material

6.1 - Additional reports and documents

6.1.1 - Bibliographical references

Lundqvist, J. Geological Survey of Sweden. 1969. Description to the map of the Quaternary deposits of the county of Jämtland. Johansson, R. County administration board of Jämtland. 1981. Compilation of sites with high nature values. Swedish Environmental Protection Agency. 1994. Mire Protection Plan of Sweden. County administration board of Jämtland. 2000. Wetlands i Jämtland county (report 2002:2). Swedish Environmental Protection Agency. 2007. Mire Protection Plan of Sweden (report 5669).

6.1.2 - Additional reports and documents

i. taxonomic lists of plant and animal species occurring in the site (see section 4.3)

<no file available>

ii. a detailed Ecological Character Description (ECD) (in a national format) <no file available>

iii. a description of the site in a national or regional wetland inventory

iv. relevant Article 3.2 reports <no file available>

v. site management plan

<no file available>

vi. other published literature

<1 file(s) uploaded>

6.1.3 - Photograph(s) of the Site

Please provide at least one photograph of the site:



View from a bog part in Klockamyren in the west part of the site (*P*-O *Nystrand*, *County administration board of Järrtland*, *11-07-1991*)



6.1.4 - Designation letter and related data

Designation letter

<1 file(s) uploaded>

Date of Designation 1974-12-05