

# Ramsar Information Sheet

Published on 31 March 2017 Update version, previously published on : 1 January 2008

# **Sweden**Tjålmejaure-Laisdalen



Designation date 5 December 1974
Site number 30
Coordinates 66°14'48"N 16°17'57"E
Area 21 602,00 ha

# Color codes

Fields back-shaded in light blue relate to data and information required only for RIS updates.

Note that some fields concerning aspects of Part 3, the Ecological Character Description of the RIS (tinted in purple), are not expected to be completed as part of a standard RIS, but are included for completeness so as to provide the requested consistency between the RIS and the format of a 'full' Ecological Character Description, as adopted in Resolution X.15 (2008). If a Contracting Party does have information available that is relevant to these fields (for example from a national format Ecological Character Description) it may, if it wishes to, include information in these additional fields.

# 1 - Summary

#### Summary

The site is situated in the mountainous area of northwest Sweden. The site consists of two converging valleys. The water courses of both valleys join to form a delta in lake Yraft, and the site comprises a number of lakes, bogs, marshes, as well as riparian forest and subalpine birch forest. The southern valley has many lakes with shallow shores which are important breeding sites for birds. The northern valley, Laisdalen, is one of the most wildlife-abundant valleys in the Swedish mountain area, and forms an important species distribution corridor into nearby mountainous areas. The site supports a rich avian fauna and is an important breeding and staging area for a large number of threatened bird species.

# 2 - Data & location

# 2.1 - Formal data

2.1.1 - Name and address of the compiler of this R	2.1	1.1	-1	Name	and	address	of the	compiler	of this	RIS
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Compiler 1	
Name	Emilia Vesterberg
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Fax	+46 10 698 16 00
2.1.2 - Period of collection of data and	
From year	
To year	2015
2.1.3 - Name of the Ramsar Site	
Official name (in English, French or Spanish)	Tjålmejaure-Laisdalen
Spanish) Unofficial name (optional)	Tjålmejaure-Laisdalen (lake-rivervalley)
Spanish) Unofficial name (optional)  2.1.4 - Changes to the boundaries an	Tjålmejaure-Laisdalen (lake-rivervalley)  d area of the Site since its designation or earlier update
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RIS for Site no. 50, Tjannejaure-Laisdaten, Sweden
(Update) Changes resulting from causes operating beyond the site's boundaries?
(Update) Changes consequent upon site boundary reduction alone (e.g., the exclusion of some wetland types formerly included within the site)?
(Update) Changes consequent upon site boundary increase alone (e.g., the inclusion of different wetland types in the site)?
(Update) Please describe any changes to the ecological character of the Ramsar Site, including in the application of the Criteria, since the previous RIS for the site.
The site area has been better calculated but there are also some minor changes in the boundary (the GIS-boundary is now also the decided boundary on paper).
(Update) Is the change in ecological character negative, human-induced AND a significant change (above the limit of acceptable change)  Yes O
2.2 - Site location
2.2.1 - Defining the Site boundaries
b) Digital map/image <1 file(s) uploaded>
Former maps 0
Boundaries description
The boundary is the same as the Natura 2000 SPA site Tjålmejaure SE0820714.
2.2.2 - General location
a) In which large administrative region does the site lie?
b) What is the nearest town or population centre? Arjeplog
2.2.3 - For wetlands on national boundaries only
a) Does the wetland extend onto the territory of one or more other countries? Yes ○ No ●
b) Is the site adjacent to another designated Ramsar Site on the territory of another Contracting Party?
2.2.4 - Area of the Site
Official area, in hectares (ha): 21602

# Area, in hectares (ha) as calculated from GIS boundaries

2.2.5 - Biogeography
Biogeographic regions

Regionalisation scheme(s)	Biogeographic region
Bailey's Ecoregions	130 Subarctic division
Udvardy's Biogeographical Provinces	03 West Eurasian Taiga
Freshwater Ecoregions of the World (FEOW)	Ecoregion 406 Northern Baltic drainages
Other scheme (provide name below)	
WWF Terrestrial Ecoregions	Scandinavian montane Birch forest and grasslands PA1110, Scandinavian-Russian taiga PA0608.
EU biogeographic regionalization	Boreal and Alpine

#### Other biogeographic regionalisation scheme

TEOW - Terrestrial Ecoregions of the World. "Scandinavian montane Birch forest and grasslands PA1110" and "Scandinavian-Russian taiga PA0608".

EEA, 2002: Digital Map of the European Ecological Regions (DMEER): "Scandinavian montane Birch forest and grasslands" and "Scandinavian-Russian taiga".

# 3 - Why is the Site important?

#### 3.1 - Ramsar Criteria and their justification

☑ Criterion 1: Representative, rare or unique natural or near-natural wetland types

Hydrological services provided

The site is important for flood control and for sedimentation of eroded material from the mountains upstream.

Other ecosystem services provided

High cultural values connected to the preserved barns and the mowing of the vegetation.

Tjålmejaure-Laisdalen contains representative examples of a natural wetland types in the EU Alpine region in the sense of two converging valleys with a mixture of wetlands, lakes, bogs and the rivers Other reasons Laisälven and Barasjåkkå. The site includes the inland delta in the lake Yraft, which has rare vegetation types dependent on mowing. The rivers are unaffected by hydropower plants and have natural water regimes.

- ☑ Criterion 2 : Rare species and threatened ecological communities
- ☑ Criterion 3 : Biological diversity

There are many representative and rare species typical for the Alpine region in the Nordic countries at the Justification site. The site is an important breeding area for waterbirds and it supports an outstanding range of bird species of which many are threatened. The site is also important for mammals.

- ☑ Criterion 4 : Support during critical life cycle stage or in adverse conditions
- ☑ Criterion 6 : >1% waterbird population

3.2 - Plant energies whose presence relates to the international importance of the site

Scientific name	Common name	Criterion 2	Criterion 3	Criterion 4	IUCN Red	CITES Appendix I	Other status	Justification
Carex atrofusca	Scorched Alpine-sedge		<b>✓</b>		List			See textbox below the table.
Carex capillaris	Hair Sedge		<b>2</b>					See textbox below the table.
Carex capitata	Capitate sedge		<b></b>					See textbox below the table.
Carex microglochin	Bristle Sedge		✓		LC •			See textbox below the table.
Carex ornithopoda	Bird's-foot Sedge		<b></b>					See textbox below the table.
Carex parallela			<b>2</b>					See textbox below the table.

Criterion 3: For all species, their status in the Swedish Red List and general information for that classification etc can be found at http://artfakta.artdatabanken.se/. Observations can be found in www.artportalen.se

3.3 - Animal species whose presence relates to the international importance of the site

3.3 - AI	imai species	s whose pre				ne ir	nternational in	nportan	ce o	r the s	ite		
Phylum	Scientific name	Common name	Species qualifie under criterio 2 4 6	s co	Species ntributes under riterion	Size		% occurrence 1)		CITES Appendix I	CMS Appendix I	: Other Status	Justification
Birds													
AVES	Anser erythropus	Lesser White- fronted Goose	<b>V</b> - <b>V</b>			45		35	VU ●\$* ●\$#		V	Swedish Red List 2015 (CR). EC Birds Directive Annex I.	The site offers undisturbed breeding sites. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1. Information about criterion 6 is in the textbox below the table.
AVES	Anthus pratensis	Meadow Pipit							NT Sign			Swedish Red List 2015 (NT).	Breeding. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
AVES	Aquila chrysaetos	Golden Eagle							LC Sign			Swedish Red List 2015 (NT). EC Birds Directive Annex I.	The species has been observed at the site. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
AVES	Asio flammeus	Short-eared Owl							LC OM			EC Birds Directive Annex I.	See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
CHORDATA / AVES	Aythya marila	Greater Scaup							LC ©SP			Swedish Red List 2015 (VU).	Breeding. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
CHORDATA / AVES	Buteo lagopus	Roughleg; Rough- legged Buzzard; Rough-legged Hawk							LC ##			Swedish Red List 2015 (NT).	Staging. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
CHORDATA / AVES	lapponicus	Lapland Longspu							LC •\$			Swedish Red List 2015 (VU).	Breeding. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
AVES	Circus cyaneus	Northern Harrier							LC •\$\$ •\$\$			Swedish Red List 2015 (NT). EC Birds Directive Annex I.	See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
CHORDATA / AVES	Cygnus cygnus	Whooper Swan							LC ©SP			EC Birds Directive Annex I.	See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
CHORDATA / AVES	Emberiza schoeniclus	Reed Bunting; Common Reed Bunting; Common Reed-Bunting							LC			Swedish Red List 2015 (VU).	See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
CHORDATA / AVES	columbarius	Merlin							LC •\$			EC Birds Directive Annex I.	See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
AVES	Gallinago media	Great Snipe	<b>2 2 0</b>						NT Sign			Swedish Red List 2015 (NT). EC Birds Directive Annex I.	Breeding. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
AVES	Gavia arctica	Arctic Loon; Black- throated Loon	000						LC Sign			EC Birds Directive Annex I.	See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
AVES	Gavia stellata	Red-throated Diver; Red- throated Loon							LC Sign			Swedish Red List 2015 (NT).	Breeding. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
CHORDATA / AVES	albicilla	White-tailed Eagle							LC	<b>✓</b>	<b></b> ✓	Swedish Red List 2015 (NT). EC Birds Directive Annex I.	The species has been observed at the site. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
AVES	Limosa lapponica	Bar-tailed Godwit										Swedish Red List 2015 (VU).	Staging. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
CHORDATA / AVES	Luscinia svecica	Bluethroat							LC Sign			EC Birds Directive Annex I.	See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.

Phylum	Scientific name	Common name	Speci qualifi unde criteri 2 4 0	ies er ion	СО	und riter	utes er ion	Pop. Size Period of pop. Est. occurren	IUCN ce Red List	CITES Appendix I	CMS Appendix I	Other Status	Justification
AVES	Melanitta fusca	Velvet Scoter; White-winged Scoter	Z Z C		<b>V</b>				VU © iii © time			Swedish Red List 2015 (NT).	Breeding. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
AVES	Pandion haliaetus	Osprey, Western Osprey			<b></b>				LC or			EC Birds Directive Annex I.	See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
AVES	lobatus	Red-necked Phalarope			Ø				LC •#			EC Birds Directive Annex I.	See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
AVES	pugnax	Ruff	77						LC			Swedish Red List 2015 (VU). EC Birds Directive Annex I.	Breeding. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
AVES	Pluvialis apricaria	European Golden Plover; European Golden-Plover			<b></b>				LC •s: •s:			EC Birds Directive Annex I.	See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
AVES	Sterna paradisaea	Arctic Tern							LC oran			EC Birds Directive Annex I.	See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
CHORDATA / AVES	Tringa glareola	Wood Sandpiper			<b></b>				LC			EC Birds Directive Annex I.	See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
Others													
CHORDATA / MAMMALIA	GCL	Wolverine			<b></b>				LC •#			Swedish Red List 2015 (VU). EC Habitats Directive Annex II.	Adult wolverines have been observed in the area. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
CHORDATA / MAMMALIA	Side State		<b>2</b> 00						LC •\$			Swedish Red List 2015 (VU). EC Habitats Directive Annex II.	The species has been observed at the site. See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.
CHORDATA / MAMMALIA	Ursus arctos	Brown Bear; Grizzly Bear			<b></b>				LC Sin	V		Swedish Red List 2015 (NT).	See textbox below the table and in section 3.1.

<sup>1)</sup> Percentage of the total biogeographic population at the site

Anser erythropus, criterion 6. The used population for the estimation is the "Fennoscandia/Eastern Mediterranean" 60-80 + 50-70 for the Swedish part of that population (that Wetlands International excludes from their accounting). Altogether approximately 130 individuals in total.

# 3.4 - Ecological communities whose presence relates to the international importance of the site

Name of ecological community	Community qualifies under Criterion 2?	Description	Justification
6450. Northern boreal alluvial meadows	✓	Along large rivers with placid river sections which are frozen every winter, the type is affected by flooding in spring. The traditional management as hay meadows has usually ceased. Type includes areas that are not yet severely overgrown with trees	This habitat is included in the EC Habitat Directive Annex I. It has a small distribution and a bad conservation status (2013) in Sweden.

# 4 - What is the Site like? (Ecological character description)

#### 4.1 - Ecological character

The site is formed by two mountain river valleys which converge above Yraft lake, forming a large delta. The southern valley (Tjålmejaure) contains a series of lakes with wide, flat shores. The northern valley (Laisdalen) is much narrower. The natural hydrology of the system remains intact because the valley has not been developed for hydro-electrical power. The climate in the county of Norrbotten is characterized by cold winters and short summers. Tjålmejaure-Laisdalen is situated in the alpine region, with relatively harsh conditions during the winter season. The site contributes with biodiversity and a rich avian fauna. The site also harbours the brown bear (Ursus arctos) and pine marten (Martes martes). Fly fishing is popular in Lake Tjålmejaure. The area is frequently used by the indigenous Saami people for reindeer grazing. Only the Northeastern part of the area has been subject to archaeological surveys. That part of the area contains numerous archaeological sites, mainly hearths, places for food storage and sacrificial sites which represent the Sami hunting society and later reindeer husbandry. In the area there are also sites with prehistoric settlements. The area from the Yraft delta and downstream Laisälven is listed as being of national importance due to its high cultural values. Along Laisälven there are findings and remains of settlements from prehistoric to modern times. These remains, both archaeological and historical, represent a wide diversity of cultures; hunting and gathering, reindeer husbandry, farming and mining. The numerous amount of hay barns bare witness of how important the meadow lands once were to the nearby farms. Parts of the delta are still being mowed on a yearly basis to preserve the cultural landscape and the wetlands and herb-rich meadows are of great importance to many bird species.

# 4.2 - What wetland type(s) are in the site?

#### Inland wetlands

II II al lu Wellal lus				
Wetland types (code and name)	Local name	Ranking of extent (1: greatest - 4: least)	Area (ha) of wetland type	Justification of Criterion 1
Fresh water > Flowing water >> L: Permanent inland deltas		1	10000	Rare
Fresh water > Flowing water >> M Permanent rivers/ streams/ creeks		0		Representative
Fresh water > Lakes and pools  >> O: Permanent freshwater lakes		2	3096	Representative
Fresh water > Lakes and pools >> Tp: Permanent freshwater marshes/ pools		0		Representative
Fresh water > Marshes on peat soils >> U: Permanent Non- forested peatlands		3	1200	Representative
Fresh water > Marshes on inorganic or peat soils >> Va: Montane wetlands		0		Representative
Fresh water > Marshes on inorganic soils >> Xf: Freshwater, tree-dominated wetlands		0		Representative

#### 4.3 - Biological components

#### 4.3.1 - Plant species

<no data available>

# 4.3.2 - Animal species

Invasive alien animal species

Phylum	Scientific name	Common name	Impacts	Changes at RIS update
CHORDATAMAMMALIA	Neovison vison	American Mink	Potentially	unknown
CHORDATAMAMMALIA	Nyctereutes procyonoides	Raccoon dog	Potentially	No change

#### 4.4 - Physical components

#### 4.4.1 - Climate

Climatic region	Subregion
D: Moist Md-Latitude climate with cold winters	Dfc: Subarctic (Severe winter, no dry season, cool summer)

4.4.2 -	Geomorp	blic	setting
Τ.Τ.Ζ	Occinon	JIIIC	30 till le

a) Mnimum elevation above sea level (in metres)	460
a) Maximum elevation above sea level (in metres)	1080
	Entire river basin
	Upper part of river basin
	Middle part of river basin $\Box$
	Lower part of river basin
	More than one river basin ☑
	Not in river basin

Please name the river basin or basins. If the site lies in a sub-basin, please also name the larger river basin. For a coastal/marine site, please name the sea or ocean.

Coastal

The site consists of two converging valleys. The water courses of both valleys join to form a delta in lake Yraf in the river Laisälven. The southern valley has many lakes with shallow shores which are important breeding sites for birds. It's a tributary to the river Laisälven. The rivers Dellikälven, Duolbajåkkå, Barasjåkkå, Hurasjåkkå, Laisälven are part of the site. The river valley Laisdalen itself is a tributary to the river Vindelälven, that finally enters the Bothnian Bay (Baltic sea).

#### 4.4.3 - Soil

Mneral ₩	
<sup>(Update)</sup> Changes at RIS update No change <sup>(1)</sup> Increase O Decrease O Unknown O	
Organic ☑	
<sup>(Update)</sup> Changes at RIS update No change <sup>(1)</sup> Increase O Decrease O Unknown O	
No available information □	
Are soil types subject to change as a result of changing hydrological conditions (e.g., increased salinity or acidification)?	

#### Please provide further information on the soil (optional)

The bedrock in the area is mainly acid. Some parts consist of alkaline bedrock (limestone, marble). Moraine is the dominating soil type in the area and open bedrock is common at higher altitudes (some of the mountains have peaks reaching over 1600 meters above the sea level). The area has a low impact of human activities. Reindeer management has been present in the area for a long time. There are small peat forming areas at the site, especially close to lake Tjålmejaure and along the river Laisälven.

#### 4.4.4 - Water regime

#### Water permanence

Presence?	Changes at RIS update
Usually permanent water	
present	

#### Source of water that maintains character of the site

Presence?	Predominant water source	Changes at RIS update
Water inputs from surface water		No change

#### Water destination

Presence?	Changes at RIS update
To downstream catchment	No change

#### Stability of water regime

Stability of water regime	
Presence?	Changes at RIS update
Water levels fluctuating (including tidal)	No change

Please add any comments on the water regime and its determinants (if relevant). Use this box to explain sites with complex hydrology.

Water levels fluctuate seasonally. During snow melting the water level is high. During winter water levels are low, due to that most precipitation is snow.

#### 4.4.5 - Sediment regime

(Update) Changes at RIS update No change
Significant accretion or deposition of sediments occurs on the site 🗹
(Update) Changes at RIS update No change    ■ Increase    □ Decrease    □ Unknown    □
Significant transportation of sediments occurs on or through the site 🗹
(Update) Changes at RIS update No change    ■ Increase    □ Decrease    □ Unknown    □
Sediment regime is highly variable, either seasonally or inter-annually ✓
(Update) Changes at RIS update No change    ■ Increase    □ Decrease    □ Unknown    □
Sediment regime unknown □
Please provide further information on sediment (optional):
The site receives large amounts of sediments from the mountains higher up in the mountain range. A delta has formed through the influx of sediments. New areas take form and others slowly fade through erosion.
1.4.6 - Water pH
Circumneutral (pH: 5.5-7.4 ) ☑
(Update) Changes at RIS update No change O Increase O Decrease O Unknown ●
Unknown ☑

#### 4.4.7 - Water salinity

Fresh (<0.5 g/l)

(Update) Changes at RIS update No change 

● Increase 

O Decrease 

O Unknown 

O

Unknown

#### 4.4.8 - Dissolved or suspended nutrients in water

Please provide further information on pH (optional):

Unknown 🗹

#### 4.4.9 - Features of the surrounding area which may affect the Site

pH is measured every 6th year. 2013-09-30 the pH was 7,28.

Please describe whether, and if so how, the landscape and ecological characteristics in the area surrounding the Ramsar Site differ from the i) broadly similar O ii) significantly different o site itself:

Surrounding area has greater urbanisation or development

Surrounding area has higher human population density  $\ensuremath{\overline{\omega}}$ 

Surrounding area has more intensive agricultural use  $\Box$ 

Surrounding area has significantly different land cover or habitat types

Please describe other ways in which the surrounding area is different:

The site is surrounded by more alpine areas and virgin forests. A bit further to the east there are less mountains and the area is covered by forest (many affected by forestry) and mires.

# 4.5 - Ecosystem services

#### 4.5.1 - Ecosystem services/benefits

Provisioning Services

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Ecosystem service	Examples	Importance/Extent/Significance
Food for humans	Sustenance for humans (e.g., fish, molluscs, grains)	Low
Wetland non-food products	Livestock fodder	Low

Regulating Services

Ecosystem service	Examples	Importance/Extent/Significance
Erosion protection	Soil, sediment and nutrient retention	Medium
Hazard reduction	Flood control, flood storage	Medium

#### **Cultural Services**

Ecosystem service	Examples	Importance/Extent/Significance
Recreation and tourism	Nature observation and nature-based tourism	High
Recreation and tourism	Recreational hunting and fishing	High
Recreation and tourism	Picnics, outings, touring	Medium
Spiritual and inspirational	Cultural heritage (historical and archaeological)	High

Supporting Services

Ecosystem service	Examples	Importance/Extent/Significance
Biodiversity	Supports a variety of all life forms including plants, animals and microorganizms, the genes they contain, and the ecosystems of which they form a part	High
Soil formation	Sediment retention	Medium

Within the site:	100s
Outside the site:	100s

Have studies or assessments been made of the economic valuation of ecosystem services provided by this Ramsar Site?

#### 4.5.2 - Social and cultural values

i) the site provides a model of wetland wise use, demonstrating the application of traditional knowledge and methods of management and use that maintain the ecological character of the wetland

ii) the site has exceptional cultural traditions or records of former civilizations that have influenced the ecological character of the wetland

#### Description if applicable

The area is frequently used by the indigenous Sami people for reindeer grazing. Only the North-eastern part of the area has been subject to archaeological surveys. That part of the area contains numerous archaeological sites, mainly hearths, places for food storage and sacrificial sites which represent the Sami hunting society and later reindeer husbandry. In the area there are also sites with prehistoric settlements.

The site includes the Yraft delta, listed as being of national importance due to its high cultural values. The delta is situated by the foot of the mountain range which gives the site a spectacular surrounding. The delta has been subjected to a long management through mowing. The mowing in this area started during the late 1600s. The hay was stored in barns that are characteristic for the county of Norrbotten. These barns are still used at Yraft and today the area is a nature reserve. The site therefore has a high cultural value. The site is managed by the land owners.

The area is one of the few alluvial meadows that are still managed in Norrbotten. The area has a long history and continuity of mowing. The site could therefore serve as an example of earlier traditional use of wetlands. In addition a vast number of plant species are favoured by the mowing. If the management should stop, shrubs and trees would take over.

_	iii) the ecological character of the wetland depends on its interaction with local communities or indigenous peoples
_	iv) relevant non-material values such as sacred sites are present and neir existence is strongly linked with the maintenance of the ecologica
1	character of the wetland

#### 4.6 - Ecological processes

<no data available>

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# 5 - How is the Site managed? (Conservation and management)

# 5.1 - Land tenure and responsibilities (Managers)

#### 5.1.1 - Land tenure/ownership

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Category	Within the Ramsar Site	In the surrounding area
National/Federal	<b>□</b>	<b> →</b>
government	GE_	(e)

#### Private ownership

Category	Within the Ramsar Site	In the surrounding area
Other types of private/individual owner(s)	<b>2</b>	<b>✓</b>

#### Provide further information on the land tenure / ownership regime (optional):

The site is an important reindeer foraging area and of cultural value to the reindeer herding district Semisjaur-Njarg.

#### 5.1.2 - Management authority

agency or organization responsible for	Länsstyrelsen i Norrbottens län/County Administrative Board of Norrbotten
managing the site:  Provide the name and title of the person or	
people with responsibility for the wetland:	Naturvårdsenheten, County Administrative Board of Norrbotten
	Stationsgatan 5 971 86 Luleå Sweden
E-mail address:	norrbotten@lansstyrelsen.se

# 5.2 - Ecological character threats and responses (Management)

# 5.2.1 - Factors (actual or likely) adversely affecting the Site's ecological character

Energy production and mining

Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Mining and quarrying		High impact	✓	No change		No change
Piological resource use						

DIO	ogic	ai re	SOL	arce	use

Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Logging and wood harvesting		High impact		No change	<b>&gt;</b>	No change
Fishing and harvesting aquatic resources	High impact		<b>2</b>	increase	<b>&gt;</b>	unknown
Hunting and collecting terrestrial animals	Low impact	High impact	<b>2</b>	No change	<b>&gt;</b>	No change

#### Human intrusions and disturbance

Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Recreational and tourism activities	Medium impact		✓	No change	✓	No change

#### Natural system modifications

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Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Dams and water management/use		High impact	<b>2</b>	No change	<b>2</b>	No change

#### Invasive and other problematic species and genes

Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Unspecified	High impact	High impact	✓	increase	✓	increase

#### Pollution

Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Unspecified	Low impact		✓	No change		No change

#### Please describe any other threats (optional):

Unspecified under pollution: Heavy metals exceed limit values.

The site is used mainly for reindeer husbandry and recreational activities (e.g. sport fishing, hunting and hiking.). The Kungsleden, (a hiking trail through the Swedish mountains), passes through the Laisdalen valley. The site lies between the neighbouring Vindelfjällen Nature Reserve and the Pieljekaise National Park. These activities can - if they increase in extent - become a possible threat.

Red fox and White-tailed eagle pose a threat to lesser White-fronted goose. Also the presence of marten may be a plausible threat. However, it is uncertain to what extent both the White-tailed eagle and the marten move and prey in the area.

Some of the lakes but not the streams between the lakes are forbidden to trespass during certain time periods, but there are fishermen moving in the area along the streams and it may well be that sensitive species are affected by their presence.

There is a potential threat from invasive species (mink and racoon dog) to the ecosystem in the area but to what extent is unknown at present. Mink occurs in Tjålmejaure and it has been reported that it pose a threat to lesser White-fronted goose. This however is not documented. Racoon dog has been observed in the area but there are no documented reports from the Ramsar site or in the adjacent area that it is a threat to other species in the site.

#### 5.2.2 - Legal conservation status

Regional (international) legal designations

- 1.	togional (international) togal designations			
	Designation type	Name of area	Online information url	Overlap with Ramsar Site
	EU Natura 2000	See national legislation below		whole

Designation type	Name of area	Online information url	Overlap with Ramsar Site
Bird sanctuary with access forbidden during breeding season 2017-2019	Tjålmejaure	http://www.lansstyrelsen.se/Norr botten/Sv/djur-och-natur/skyddad - natur/ovriga-skyddsformer/djur- och- vaxtskyddsomraden/fagelskydd somraden/arjeplog/Pages/tjalmeja ure.aspx?keyword=tjälmejaure	partly
EU Natura 2000 SAC (1)	Laisdalens fjällurskog	http://www.lansstyrelsen.se/norr botten/SiteCollectionDocuments/S vfdjur-och-natur/skyddad-natur/N aturreservat/Arjeplog/Beslut%20o ch%20BP/LaisdalensFUR_BP.pdf	partly
EU Natura 2000 SAC (2)	Laisälven	http://www.lansstyrelsen.se/norr botten/SiteCollectionDocuments/S v/djur-och-natur/skyddad-natur/N atura%202000/Arjeplog,%20bevaran deplaner/Laisalven_BP_2007.pdf	partly
EU Natura 2000 SAC (3)	Yrafdeltat	http://www.lansstyrelsen.se/norr botten/SiteCollectionDocuments/S v/djur-och-natur/skyddad-natur/N aturreservat/Arjeplog/Beslut%20o ch%20BP/Yrafdeltat_BP.pdf	partly
EU Natura 2000 SPA	Tjålmejaure	http://www.lansstyrelsen.se/norr botten/SiteCollectionDocuments/S v/djur-och-natur/skyddad-natur/N atura%202000/Arjeplog,%20bevaran deplaner/Tjalmejaure_BP_2007.pdf	whole
Nature reserve (1)	Yrafdeltat	http://www.lansstyrelsen.se/norr botten/Sv/djur-och-natur/skyddad - natur/naturreservat/arjeplog/Pa ges/yrafdeltat.aspx	partly
Nature reserve (2)	Laisdalens fjällurskog	http://www.lansstyrelsen.se/norr botten/Sv/djur-och-natur/skyddad - natur/naturreservat/arjeplog/Pa ges/laisdalen.aspx	partly
Restrictions in bird hunting	Tjålmejaure		partly
site of national importance for nature conservation	Graddis-Tärna-Laisälven		whole

Non-statutory designations

Designation type	Name of area	Online information url	Overlap with Ramsar Site
Important Bird Area	Lake Tjålmejaure- Laisdalen valley	http://datazone.birdlife.org/sit e/factsheet/lake-tjålmejaure-la isdalen- valley-iba-sweden	whole

#### 5.2.3 - IUCN protected areas categories (2008)

la Strict Nature Reserve
lb Wilderness Area: protected area managed mainly for wilderness protection
Il National Park: protected area managed mainly for ecosystem protection and recreation
Natural Monument: protected area managed mainly for conservation of specific natural features
/ Habitat/Species Management Area: protected area managed mainly for conservation through management intervention
Protected Landscape/Seascape: protected area managed mainly for landscape/seascape conservation and recreation
Managed Resource Protected Area: protected area managed mainly for the sustainable use of natural ecosystems

# 5.2.4 - Key conservation measures

#### Legal protection

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Measures	Status
Legal protection	Proposed

#### Species

Measures	Status
Reintroductions	Implemented
Threatened/rare species management programmes	Implemented

#### Human Activities

Measures	Status
Regulation/management of recreational activities	Proposed
Fisheries management/regulation	Partially implemented

#### 5.2.5 - Management planning

Is there a site-specific management plan for the site? Yes

Has a management effectiveness assessment been undertaken for the site? Yes O No •

If the site is a formal transboundary site as indicated in section Data and location > Site location, are there shared management planning Yes O No 

processes with another Contracting Party?

#### 5.2.6 - Planning for restoration

Is there a site-specific restoration plan? No need identified

#### 5.2.7 - Monitoring implemented or proposed

Monitoring	Status
Water quality	Implemented
Animal species (please specify)	Implemented

Water quality is measured every sixth year. Natura 2000 sites are linked to a monitoring program of which the Swedish Environmental Protection Agency is responsible for. Habitats, species, plausible threats are examples of what is being monitored. For more info visit URL: http://www.naturvardsverket.se/Stod-i-miljoarbetet/Vagledningar/Miljoovervakning/Uppfoljning-i-skydd ade-omraden/Manualer-for-uppfoljning-i-skyddade-omraden/

The County Administrative Board of Norrbotten conducts surveillance of and measurements in protected areas. There is an on-going work with the national action plan for Arctic fox and Lesser White-fronted goose, including attempts to reduce the numbers of red foxes to increase the number of Arctic fox and lesser White-fronted geese.

# 6 - Additional material

#### 6.1 - Additional reports and documents

#### 6.1.1 - Bibliographical references

Gärdefors, U. 2015. Rödlistade arter i Sverige 2015 - The 2015 Red List of Swedish Species. Artdatabanken, SLU, Uppsala.

#### 6.1.2 - Additional reports and documents

i. taxonomic lists of plant and animal species occurring in the site (see section 4.3)

ii. a detailed Ecological Character Description (ECD) (in a national format)

iii. a description of the site in a national or regional wetland inventory

iv. relevant Article 3.2 reports

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v. site management plan

<3 file(s) uploaded>

vi. other published literature

#### 6.1.3 - Photograph(s) of the Site

#### Please provide at least one photograph of the site:





Tjålmejaure and surroundings ( *Errilia Vesterberg, 12-07-2010* )



Tjålmejaure and surroundings ( *Errilia Vesterberg, 12-07-2010* )



Tjålmejaure ( Enilia Vesterberg, 12-07-2010 )



Tjålmejaure ( *Emilia* Vesterberg, 12-07-2010 )

# 6.1.4 - Designation letter and related data

#### Designation letter

<2 file(s) uploaded>

Date of Designation 1974-12-05